KEEP the BEAT

Heart Healthy Recipes
from the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute
The recipes in this collection grew out of research and education projects supported by the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute. The studies and projects dealt with ways to help Americans keep their hearts strong by reducing their intake of calories, fat, especially saturated fat, cholesterol, and sodium. They include the Dietary Approaches to Stop Hypertension—or “DASH”—clinical study and the popular Stay Young at Heart nutrition education program. Now, you can use the results of these efforts to improve your heart health.
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Here’s Some Terrific News!

What’s good for your heart is great for your taste buds. As the recipes in this special collection will show, you don’t have to lose flavor to gain health.

Cooking up heart health requires no secret ingredients. It simply means making dishes that are lower in saturated fat, cholesterol, and total fat, and reduced in sodium. And, as an extra plus, these dishes have fewer calories than those higher in fat. It means enjoying “Crispy Oven-Fried Chicken,” “Red Hot Fusilli,” “Stir-Fried Beef and Potatoes,” “Apricot-Orange Bread,” “Crunchy Pumpkin Pie,” and a “Summer Breezes Smoothie.”

The recipe collection was developed by the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute (NHLBI) to help Americans keep their heartbeat strong. It includes dishes from a variety of ethnic cuisines to suit virtually every taste.

The dishes will even tempt children. That’s important because good eating habits need to start early. So, cook up some “Delicious Oven French Fries” and teach your kids how good good health can taste. Chances are, they’ll want another lesson.

Besides recipes, the collection also offers information on special topics, such as how diet affects key factors involved in heart health, how to use the Nutrition Facts Label, how to make healthier meals out of those old family favorites, why fiber matters, and how to reduce salt and sodium in dishes. Check the table of contents for a listing of these topics.

You’ll also find a list of certain nutrients for each recipe. This list tells you how much the dish has of nutrients important to health so you can keep track of your daily intakes. Page 6 offers tips on how to use this information as part of your overall eating plan. One such healthy eating plan, which comes from the Dietary Guidelines for Americans, is outlined beginning on page 11.
If this collection sharpens your appetite to learn more about healthy eating or other heart-related topics, try another course. Here’s how:

- Write to the NHLBI Health Information Center
  P.O. Box 30105
  Bethesda, MD 20824-0105
  Phone: (301) 592-8573
  TTY: (240) 629-3255
  Fax: (301) 592-8563

- Visit the NHLBI online at: www.nhlbi.nih.gov

Or, try these special NHLBI Web pages:

- For information about how to lose extra pounds or maintain a healthy weight: www.nhlbi.nih.gov/health/public/heart/obesity/lose_wt

- To learn about high blood pressure:
  www.nhlbi.nih.gov/hbp

- To learn about high blood cholesterol:
  www.nhlbi.nih.gov/chd

- To learn about heart health for women:
  www.nhlbi.nih.gov/health/hearttruth

Make a start today—and keep your heart as healthy as your appetite.
Eating for Heart Health—How Nutrition Affects Three Key Risk Factors

What you eat can help keep your heart beating strong—or lead to overweight, high blood pressure, and high blood cholesterol, three key factors that increase the risk of developing heart disease. (See the Box on page 5 for more on risk factors and heart disease.)

Here’s a brief look at why these three risk factors are so important:

1. Overweight and Obesity

Overweight and obesity pose major health risks. First, they increase the risk of heart disease. Second, they make you more likely to develop other factors that also increase that risk. For instance, overweight and obesity increase your chance of developing high blood pressure and high blood cholesterol (see following sections), and diabetes—all major risk factors for heart disease.

So it’s important to stay at a healthy weight. There’s no gimmick to achieving this goal. The amount of calories you take in through your diet should not exceed the amount you expend through body metabolism and physical activities. If you eat more calories than you use up, you’ll gain weight. But, even a small decrease in calories eaten can help keep you from gaining weight.

If you are overweight, losing just 10 percent of your current weight helps to lower your risk of heart disease. If you can’t lose extra weight just yet, then try not to gain more.

Here are a few tips to help you keep your weight in check:

- Watch out for portion size. It’s not just what you eat, but how much (see page 8).
- Choose fewer high-fat foods. These often have more calories than the same amount of other foods.
But be careful of “lowfat” foods. They aren’t always low in calories. Sometimes, extra sugars are added to lowfat items, such as desserts. They can be just as high in calories as regular versions.

Be physically active—if you are, you’ve got a good chance of keeping your calorie equation in balance.

2. High Blood Pressure

Also called hypertension, this condition puts you at risk for heart disease and stroke. Diet plays a big role in your chance of developing high blood pressure. Following an eating plan low in saturated fat and cholesterol, and moderate in total fat is important for heart health generally and may help prevent or control high blood pressure. A key ingredient of this plan should be reducing your intake of salt (sodium chloride) and other forms of sodium.

Only small amounts of salt occur naturally in foods. Instead, most of the salt Americans consume is added during food processing, in preparation at home, or in a restaurant. By cutting back on salt, you’ll probably lessen your taste for it over time.

Try to consume no more than 6 grams (about 1 teaspoon) of table salt a day. That equals 2.4 grams (2,400 milligrams) of sodium a day. Studies such as the Dietary Approaches to Stop Hypertension trial, or DASH, show that persons with or at an increased risk of developing high blood pressure can help control or prevent the condition by further reducing table salt—to 4 grams (or 2/3 teaspoon) a day. That equals 1.5 grams (1,500 milligrams) of sodium a day. Both totals include ALL salt and sodium consumed—that used in cooking and at the table, as well as in prepared foods.

3. High Blood Cholesterol

Fat and cholesterol in the diet can raise the level of cholesterol in the blood—and that can lead to atherosclerosis, a type of “hardening of the arteries.” In atherosclerosis, cholesterol, fat, and other
substances build up in artery walls. As the process continues, arteries, including those to the heart, may narrow, reducing blood flow.

Saturated fat raises blood cholesterol more than anything else in the diet. See page 19 for more about fat.

Help reduce your fat intake by looking for lowfat or fat free dairy products and other fat free items—but, again, keep an eye on the products’ calorie content so you don’t gain weight.

Some foods can actually help to lower blood cholesterol. This includes foods with soluble (also called viscous) fiber. Soluble fiber is found in cereal grains, fruits, vegetables, and legumes (which include beans, peas, and lentils). See page 18 for more on fiber.

Other food products also help lower blood cholesterol: These products contain plant stanols or plant sterols. These include cholesterol-lowering margarines. Plant stanols and sterols are noted on product food labels.

Reduce Your Heart Disease Risk

If you’ve got a heart, heart disease could be your problem. Heart disease affects women just as much as it does men. But everyone can take steps to reduce their chance of developing the disease.

How? By preventing or controlling behaviors and conditions known to increase its risk. They’re called “risk factors,” and there are two types—those you can change and those you can’t. Luckily, most of them can be changed. These are smoking, high blood pressure, high blood cholesterol, overweight/obesity, physical inactivity, and diabetes.

Those you can’t alter are your age (45 or older for men; 55 or older for women) and having a family history of early heart disease (a father or brother diagnosed before age 55, or a mother or sister diagnosed before age 65).

Start now to improve your heart-health profile. For instance, following a heart healthy eating plan helps prevent or control high blood
pressure, high blood cholesterol, overweight, and diabetes. Here are some other steps you can take to help protect your heart health:

• **Stop smoking.** If you can’t quit the first time, keep trying.

• **Lower high blood pressure.** Have your blood pressure checked regularly (once every 2 years if it is normal, more often if it is not). Also, maintain a healthy weight and limit your intake of alcoholic beverages—to one drink a day for women and two for men.

• **Reduce high blood cholesterol.** Maintain a healthy weight and get your cholesterol level checked once every 5 years (more often, if needed). The test measures the level of cholesterol circulating in the bloodstream.

• **Aim for a healthy weight.** To lose weight and keep it off, adopt a lifestyle that combines sensible eating with regular physical activity.

• **Be physically active.** Do at least 30 minutes of a moderate-intensity physical activity, such as brisk walking, on most and preferably all days of the week.

• **Prevent or manage diabetes.** The steps that lower your risk of heart disease also reduce your chance of developing diabetes. If you already have diabetes, be sure to manage it.

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**Planning a Nutritious Day**

Eating well means enjoying a variety of food—and so does eating to stay well. Variety matters because no food has all the nutrients and other substances needed by your heart—and the rest of your body. So be sure to follow a well-balanced eating plan.

The nutrient list that accompanies the recipes in this collection can help you keep your diet in balance. The list gives nutrients vital for good heart health. Use the list to aim for the recommended daily total intakes of those nutrients.
The recommended daily intakes for healthy adults are given below. Your needs may differ from these if you are overweight or have heart disease, high blood pressure, high cholesterol, diabetes, or another condition. If you do, check with your doctor or a dietitian to find out what intakes are best for you.

**Daily calorie and nutrient intakes:**

- **Calories** ............Consume enough to stay at a healthy weight

  A calorie is a unit of energy, not a nutrient. The amount that’s best for you depends largely on your height and weight. You’ll also need to consider whether or not you have to lose pounds. Other factors that affect your calorie needs include how physically active you are and your age. Physical activity helps burn calories, while middle-aged and older adults tend to need fewer calories than younger persons.

  Typical daily intakes are:

  1,600 calories—For young children (ages 2-6), women, and some older adults

  2,200 calories—For older children, teenage girls, active women, and most men

  2,800 calories—For teenage boys and active men

- **Total fat** ............No more than 30 percent of daily calories

- **Saturated fat** ......Less than 10 percent of daily calories

- **Cholesterol** ........Less than 300 milligrams per day

- **Fiber** ..................25–30 grams per day

- **Protein** ...............10–35 percent of daily calories

- **Carbohydrates** .......45–65 percent of daily calories

- **Sodium** ...............No more than 2,400 milligrams per day
To calculate percent of daily calories, it’s important to know that protein and carbohydrate have 4 calories per gram, while fat has 9 calories per gram. So, for example, if you eat 2,000 calories a day, your daily total intakes should be: no more than 67 grams of total fat, 22 grams or less of saturated fat, and 225–325 grams of carbohydrates. For the other nutrients, have no more than the maximums listed above. The Box on page 20 gives some daily totals for saturated fat and total fat.

However, try to remember that the goal is to build a nutritious pattern from nutritious meals. Not every dish needs to be low in fat or calories. Keep your sights set on an overall healthy pattern.

## Don’t Ignore Portion Size

When it comes to heart health, size matters. It’s very easy to “eat with your eyes” and misjudge what equals a portion. That makes it just as easy to pile on unwanted pounds. So be sure you eat a sensible portion size. The recipes in this collection are designed to give you a satisfying portion.

**Take advantage of two other good sources of information about portion size:**

- **Nutrition and Your Health: Dietary Guidelines for Americans**—See “A Pyramid of Healthy Foods,” which begins on page 11. The section gives the portion sizes used in this healthy eating plan.

- **Nutrition Facts Label**—The section that begins on page 9 tells how to read these labels, which give calorie and nutrient contents per serving. Products often are sold as single portions but actually contain more than one serving. For instance, a small bag of pretzels may be sold as one portion but contain two servings. Be especially careful of portion size when choosing high-calorie items.
Let the Nutrition Facts Label Guide You to Healthy Choices

Shopping for the right food item can be dizzying. Shelves are packed with different brands, some with special health claims.

There’s a surefire way to pick out the best item: Read its Nutrition Facts Label. This label gives you x-ray eyes. It tells you nutritional value and number of servings in an item.

The label has another asset too—the Percent Daily Value listing. This tells you how much each serving of the item supplies of the day’s recommended intake for total fat, saturated fat, cholesterol, sodium, total carbohydrate, dietary fiber, vitamins A and C, calcium, and iron. Not bad.

Use the Nutrition Facts Label to compare foods. As a guide, if you want to consume more of a nutrient (such as fiber), try to choose foods with a higher Percent Daily Value; to consume less of a nutrient (such as saturated fat, cholesterol, or sodium), choose foods with a lower Percent Daily Value. Try the “5–20” guide—an easy way to use the Percent Daily Value to compare the nutrients in similar foods. So, for nutrients

### Nutrition Facts

<table>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Calories</strong></td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Calories from Fat</strong></td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Fat</strong></td>
<td>0g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Saturated Fat</strong></td>
<td>0g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cholesterol</strong></td>
<td>0g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sodium</strong></td>
<td>60mg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Carbohydrate</strong></td>
<td>22g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dietary Fiber</strong></td>
<td>0g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sugars</strong></td>
<td>15g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Protein</strong></td>
<td>3g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Vitamin A</strong></td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Vitamin C</strong></td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Calcium</strong></td>
<td>45%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Iron</strong></td>
<td>0%</td>
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*Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie diet.
you want to get less of, look for a Percent Daily Value of 5 or less; for nutrients you want to have more of, look for a Percent Daily Value of 20 or more.

Also get in the habit of checking an item’s ingredient list. It will tell you what’s in the food—including any added nutrients, fats, or sugars. Ingredients are listed in descending order of amount by weight.

See the Box below for information on how to decipher the special content claims on food labels.

Learn the Label Language

One of the best ways to find heart healthy products is to check food labels. Here are some terms to look for when choosing low-sodium, lowfat, and low-calorie items:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PHRASE</th>
<th>WHAT IT MEANS</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sodium free or salt free</td>
<td>Less than 5 milligrams per serving</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Very low sodium</td>
<td>35 milligrams or less per serving</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low sodium</td>
<td>140 milligrams or less per serving</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low sodium meal</td>
<td>140 milligrams or less per 3 1/2 ounces (100 grams)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reduced or less sodium</td>
<td>At least 25 percent less sodium than the regular version</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Light in sodium</td>
<td>Half the sodium of the regular version</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unsalted or no salt added</td>
<td>No salt added to the product during processing</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
If you’re searching for a healthy overall eating plan, you’ve come to the right page. The Federal Government has created a pyramid to good health—in fact, it’s called the “Food Guide Pyramid.”

The idea is that the base of the pyramid forms the foundation for good nutrition and the foods you should eat most often. As you go up the pyramid, you eat less of the major food groups represented. Putting all the pyramid’s groups together assures you a well-rounded diet. The pyramid’s also designed to encourage you to choose a variety of foods from within the groups.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PHRASE</th>
<th>WHAT IT MEANS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>FOR FATS</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fat free</td>
<td>Less than 0.5 grams per serving</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low saturated fat</td>
<td>1 gram or less per serving</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lowfat</td>
<td>3 grams or less per serving</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reduced fat</td>
<td>At least 25 percent less fat than the regular version</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Light in fat</td>
<td>Half the fat of the regular version</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>FOR CALORIES</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calorie free</td>
<td>Less than 5 calories per serving</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low calorie</td>
<td>40 calories or less per serving</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reduced or less calories</td>
<td>At least 25 percent fewer calories than the regular version</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Light or lite</td>
<td>Half the fat or a third of the calories of the regular version</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The pyramid is shown above, along with the recommended daily servings. More information about the servings appears below.

**What Counts as a Serving?**

There’s one more piece of vital information you need to follow the pyramid, and that’s what counts as a serving. Here are some examples of one serving of each of the pyramid’s building blocks:

- **Bread, Cereal, Rice, and Pasta (Grains Group)—especially whole grain**
  - 1 slice bread
About 1 cup of ready-to-eat cereal
1/2 cup of cooked cereal, rice, or pasta

- **Vegetable Group**
  1 cup of raw leafy vegetables
  1/2 cup of other vegetables—cooked or raw
  3/4 cup of vegetable juice

- **Fruit Group**
  1 medium apple, banana, orange, pear
  1/2 cup of chopped, cooked, or canned fruit
  3/4 cup of fruit juice

- **Milk, Yogurt, and Cheese (Milk Group)—preferably fat free or lowfat**
  1 cup of milk or yogurt
  1 1/2 ounces of natural cheese (such as Cheddar)
  2 ounces of processed cheese (such as American)

- **Meat, Poultry, Fish, Dry Beans, Eggs, and Nuts (Meat and Beans Group)—preferably lean or lowfat**
  2–3 ounces of cooked lean meat, poultry, or fish
  1/2 cup of cooked dry beans or 1/2 cup of tofu—these count as 1 ounce of lean meat

  *(Note: Dry beans, peas, and lentils can be counted as servings in either the meat and beans group or the vegetable group. As a vegetable, 1/2 cup of cooked, dry beans counts as one serving. As a meat substitute, 1 cup of cooked, dry beans counts as one serving—2 ounces of meat.)*

  2 1/2–ounce soyburger or 1 egg counts as 1 ounce of lean meat
  2 tablespoons of peanut butter or 1/3 cup of nuts counts as 1 ounce of meat
Keeping the “Heart” in Old Family Favorites

Eating heart healthy meals doesn’t mean giving up some of those too-rich favorite family recipes. With a few changes, you can keep the heart and add the health. Here’s how:

General Substitutions

**Milk/Cream/Sour Cream**

- Cook with lowfat (1 percent fat) or fat free dry or evaporated milk, instead of whole milk or cream.

- Instead of sour cream, blend 1 cup lowfat, unsalted cottage cheese with 1 tablespoon fat free milk and 2 tablespoons lemon juice, or substitute plain, fat free or lowfat yogurt or sour cream.

**Spices/Flavorings**

- Use a variety of herbs and spices in place of salt (see page 17).

- Use low-sodium bouillon and broths, instead of regular bouillons and broths.

- Use a small amount of skinless smoked turkey breast, instead of fatback to lower fat content but keep taste.

- Use skinless chicken thighs, instead of neck bones.

**Oils/Butter**

- Use cooking oil spray to lower fat and calories.

- Use a small amount of vegetable oil, instead of lard, butter, or other fats that are hard at room temperature.
In general, diet margarines are not well suited for baking. Instead, to cut saturated fat, use regular soft margarine made with vegetable oil.

Choose margarine that lists liquid vegetable oil as the first ingredient on the food label.

**Eggs**

- In baking or cooking, use 3 egg whites and 1 egg yolk, instead of 2 whole eggs, or 2 egg whites or 1/4 cup of egg substitute, instead of 1 whole egg.

**For Meats and Poultry**

- Choose a lean cut of meat (see page 22) and remove any visible fat.
- Remove skin from chicken and other poultry before cooking.

**For Sandwiches and Salads**

- In salads and sandwiches, use fat free or lowfat dressing, yogurt, or mayonnaise, instead of regular versions.
- To make a salad dressing, use equal parts water and vinegar, and half as much oil.
- Garnish salads with fruits and vegetables.

**For Soups and Stews**

- Remove fat from homemade broths, soups, and stews by preparing them ahead and chilling them. Before reheating the dish, lift off the hardened fat that formed at the surface. If you don’t have time to chill the dish, then float a few ice cubes on the surface of the warm liquid to harden the fat. Then, remove and discard the fat.
Use cooking spray, water, or stock to sauté onion for flavoring stews, soups, and sauces.

**For Breads**

- To make muffins, quick breads, and biscuits, use no more than 1–2 tablespoons of fat for each cup of flour.
- When making muffins or quick breads, use three ripe, very well-mashed bananas, instead of 1/2 cup butter or oil. Or, substitute a cup of applesauce for a cup of butter, margarine, oil, or shortening—you’ll get less saturated fat and fewer calories.

**For Desserts**

- To make a pie crust, use only 1/2 cup margarine for every 2 cups flour.
- For chocolate desserts, use 3 tablespoons of cocoa, instead of 1 ounce of baking chocolate. If fat is needed to replace that in chocolate, add 1 tablespoon or less of vegetable oil.
- To make cakes and soft-drop cookies, use no more than 2 tablespoons of fat for each cup of flour.
Making Mealtimes Spicy

Less fat? Less salt? How can you do that and get more taste? Easy. Flavor with spices and herbs.

Here's a rundown of what goes best with what:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>For Meat, Poultry, and Fish</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Beef</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lamb</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pork</td>
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<tr>
<td>Vea</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chicken</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fish</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>For Vegetables</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carrots</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corn</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Green beans</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Greens</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Potatoes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Summer squash...Cloves, curry powder, marjoram, nutmeg, rosemary, sage

Winter squash....Cinnamon, ginger, nutmeg, onion

Tomatoes ..........Basil, bay leaf, dill, marjoram, onion, oregano, parsley, pepper

Fast Facts on Fiber, Fat, and Salt

That it? You say you still have questions? Thought so. Here are a few quick facts and tips on fiber, fat, and sodium.

Fiber—Why Does It Matter, and What Is It Anyway?

You’ve probably heard that it’s good to eat plenty of fiber. But what is fiber, and why is it important for your heart?

Fiber comes from plants. Since your body can’t really digest fiber or absorb it into your bloodstream, it’s not nourished by it. That means, technically speaking, fiber isn’t a “nutrient.” But it’s vital for good health.

First, fiber can help reduce your risk of heart disease. Second, it’s also good for the digestive tract and overall health. And, as a bonus, eating lots of fiber helps you feel full on fewer calories, which makes it ideal if you’re trying to lose weight.

There are two main types of fiber—soluble (also called “viscous”) and insoluble. While both have health benefits, only soluble fiber reduces the risk of heart disease.

The difference between the types is how they go through the digestive track. Soluble fiber mixes with liquid and binds to fatty substances to help remove them from the body. Soluble fiber thus helps to lower cholesterol levels—thereby reducing the risk of heart disease. Good sources of soluble fiber are whole oats, barley, fruits, vegetables, and legumes (which include beans, peas, and lentils).
Insoluble fiber goes through the digestive tract largely undissolved. Also called “roughage,” insoluble fiber helps the colon function properly. Good sources of insoluble fiber are whole-grain foods (such as wheat and corn bran), fruits (such as apples and pears with the skins), vegetables (such as green beans, cauliflower, and potatoes with the skins), and legumes.

As you can see, many foods have both soluble and insoluble fiber. As a rule, fruits have more soluble fiber and vegetables more insoluble fiber.

You should try to eat 25–30 grams of total fiber each day. That should include at least 5–10 grams daily of soluble fiber.

Here’s a more complete list of good sources of soluble fiber:

- **Whole grain cereals and seeds**—barley; oatmeal; oatbran; and psyllium seeds (ground)
- **Fruits**—apples (with the skin); bananas; blackberries; citrus (such as oranges and grapefruits); nectarines; peaches; pears; plums; and prunes
- **Legumes**—black, kidney, lima, navy, northern, and pinto beans; yellow, green, and orange lentils; and chickpeas and black-eyed peas
- **Vegetables**—broccoli; brussels sprouts; and carrots

**Fat—Isn’t It Always Bad for You?**

Fat is a nutrient that helps the body function in various ways: For example, it supplies the body with energy. It also helps other nutrients work and, when it becomes fatty tissue, it protects organs and provides insulation, keeping you warm. But the body only needs small amounts of fat. Too much fat can have bad effects, including turning into unwanted excess pounds and increasing cholesterol in the bloodstream (see page 4).
There are different types of fat, and they have different effects on your risk of heart disease. Knowing which fat does what can help you choose healthier foods.

Here’s the lowdown on fats:

- **Total fat.** This is the sum of saturated, monounsaturated, and polyunsaturated fats and trans fatty acids in food. Foods have a varying mix of these three types.

### Figuring Your Fat

Each day, aim for intakes of less than 10 percent of calories from saturated fat and no more than 30 percent of calories from total fat. Those are the recommended daily intakes for healthy adults.

Here are some examples of the maximum amount of fat you should consume:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If you consume: Calories a Day</th>
<th>Eat no more than: Saturated Fat</th>
<th>Total Fat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1,200</td>
<td>13 grams</td>
<td>40 grams</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,600</td>
<td>18 grams</td>
<td>53 grams</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,000*</td>
<td>22 grams</td>
<td>67 grams</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,200</td>
<td>24 grams</td>
<td>73 grams</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,500*</td>
<td>28 grams</td>
<td>83 grams</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,800</td>
<td>31 grams</td>
<td>93 grams</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Percent Daily Values on Nutrition Facts Labels are based on a 2,000 calorie diet. Values for 2,000 and 2,500 calories are rounded to the nearest 5 grams to be consistent with the Nutrients Facts Label.
Saturated fat. This fat is usually solid at room and refrigerator temperatures. It is found in greatest amounts in foods from animals, such as fatty cuts of meat, poultry with the skin, whole-milk dairy products, lard, and some vegetable oils, including coconut and palm oils. Saturated fat increases cholesterol in the blood more than anything else in the diet. Keep your intake of saturated fat low.

Unsaturated fat. This fat is usually liquid at room and refrigerator temperatures. Unsaturated fats occur in vegetable oils, most nuts, olives, avocados, and fatty fish, such as salmon.

There are types of unsaturated fat—monounsaturated and polyunsaturated. When used instead of saturated fat, monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats help lower blood cholesterol levels. Monounsaturated fat is found in greatest amounts in foods from plants, including olive, canola, sunflower, and peanut oils. Polyunsaturated fat is found in greatest amounts in foods from plants, including safflower, sunflower, corn, soybean, and cottonseed oils, and many kinds of nuts. A type of polyunsaturated fat is called omega-3 fatty acids, which are being studied to see if they help guard against heart disease. Good sources of omega-3 fatty acids are some fish, such as salmon, tuna, and mackerel.

Use moderate amounts of food high in unsaturated fats, taking care to avoid excess calories.

Trans fatty acids. Foods high in trans fatty acids tend to raise blood cholesterol. These foods include those high in partially hydrogenated vegetable oils, such as many hard margarines and shortenings. Foods with a high amount of these ingredients include some commercially fried foods and some bakery goods.

The Box on pages 10–11 can help you choose foods lower in fat. The Box on page 20 gives examples of how much saturated fat and total fat you should consume daily.
Are Some Cuts of Meat Less Fatty Than Others?

Definitely. Here’s a guide to the lower-fat cuts:

**Beef**
Top round, eye of round, round steak, rump roast, sirloin tip, short loin, strip steak lean, lean and extra lean ground beef

**Pork**
Tenderloin, sirloin roast or chop, center cut loin chops

**Lamb**
Foreshank, leg roast, leg chop, loin chop

What’s the Best Way To Cook To Reduce Fat?

You’re in luck. There’s a host of lowfat cooking methods. Try these—but remember not to add butter or high-fat sauces:

- Bake
- Broil
- Microwave
- Roast
- Steam
- Poach
- Lightly stir fry or sauté in cooking spray, small amount of vegetable oil, or reduced sodium broth
- Grill seafood, chicken, or vegetables
Salt—How Can I Reduce the Amount of Salt I Eat?

Most Americans eat too much salt (sodium chloride). You can help protect yourself against high blood pressure—and so heart disease and stroke—by reducing the amount of salt and other forms of sodium in your diet. As noted on pages 4 and 7, try to consume no more than 2,400 milligrams of sodium a day—or, if you can, 1,500 milligrams a day. That includes all the salt and sodium in your diet, whether added at the table or in cooking, or already in processed foods. The Box on pages 10–11 offers advice on how to use food labels to find lower sodium products.

Here are some tips on ways you can reduce your intake of salt and sodium:

- Use reduced sodium or no salt added products. For example, choose low- or reduced-sodium, or no salt added versions of foods and condiments when available.

- Buy fresh, frozen, or canned “with no salt added” vegetables.

- Use fresh poultry, fish, and lean meat, rather than canned, smoked, or processed types.

- Choose ready-to-eat breakfast cereals that are lower in sodium.

- Limit cured foods (such as bacon and ham), foods packed in brine (such as pickles, pickled vegetables, olives, and sauerkraut), and condiments (such as MSG, horseradish, catsup, and barbecue sauce). Limit even lower sodium versions of soy sauce and teriyaki sauce—treat these condiments as you do table salt.

- Be spicy instead of salty. In cooking and at the table, flavor foods with herbs, spices, lemon, lime, vinegar, or salt-free seasoning blends.
Cook rice, pasta, and hot cereals without salt. Cut back on instant or flavored rice, pasta, and cereal mixes, which usually have added salt.

Choose “convenience” foods that are lower in sodium. Cut back on frozen dinners, mixed dishes such as pizza, packaged mixes, canned soups or broths, and salad dressings—these often have a lot of sodium.

Rinse canned foods, such as tuna, to remove some sodium.
ABBREVIATIONS

Recipes use the following abbreviations:

C .........................cup
lb .........................pound
oz .........................ounce
pt .........................pint
qt .........................quart
Tbsp ......................tablespoon
tsp .......................teaspoon

Nutrient lists use the following abbreviations:

g .........................gram
mg .......................milligram
% .......................percent
Bean and Macaroni Soup

2 cans (16 oz each) great northern beans
1 Tbsp olive oil
1/2 lb fresh mushrooms, sliced
1 C onion, coarsely chopped
2 C carrots, sliced
1 C celery, coarsely chopped
1 clove garlic, minced
3 C tomatoes, fresh, peeled, cut up (or 1 1/2 lb canned, whole, cut up)*
1 tsp dried sage
1 tsp dried thyme
1/2 tsp dried oregano
to taste black pepper, freshly ground
1 bay leaf, crumbled
4 C elbow macaroni, cooked

*If using canned tomatoes, sodium content will be higher. Try no salt added canned tomatoes to keep sodium lower.

1. Drain beans and reserve liquid. Rinse beans.
2. Heat oil in 6-quart kettle. Add mushrooms, onion, carrots, celery, and garlic and sauté for 5 minutes.
3. Add tomatoes, sage, thyme, oregano, pepper, and bay leaf. Cover and cook over medium heat for 20 minutes.
4. Cook macaroni according to directions on package, using unsalted water. Drain when cooked. Do not overcook.
5. Combine reserved bean liquid with water to make 4 cups.
6. Add liquid, beans, and cooked macaroni to vegetable mixture.
7. Bring to boil. Cover and simmer until soup is thoroughly heated. Stir occasionally.

Yield: 16 servings
Serving size: 1 cup
Each serving provides:
Calories: 158
Total fat: 1 g
Saturated fat: less than 1 g
Cholesterol: 0 mg
Sodium: 154 mg
Total fiber: 5 mg
Protein: 8 mg
Carbohydrates: 29 g
Potassium: 524 mg

This satisfying dish is virtually fat free—it uses just 1 tablespoon of oil for 16 servings.
## Cannery Row Soup

2 lb varied fish fillets (such as haddock, perch, flounder, cod, sole), cut into 1-inch cubes

2 Tbsp olive oil

1 clove garlic, minced

3 carrots, cut in thin strips

2 C celery, sliced

1/2 C onion, chopped

1/4 C green peppers, chopped

1 can (28 oz) whole tomatoes, cut up, with liquid

1 C clam juice

1/4 tsp dried thyme, crushed

1/4 tsp dried basil, crushed

1/8 tsp black pepper

1/4 C fresh parsley, minced

1. Heat oil in large saucepan. Sauté garlic, carrots, celery, onion, and green pepper in oil for 3 minutes.

2. Add remaining ingredients, except parsley and fish. Cover and simmer for 10–15 minutes or until vegetables are fork tender.

3. Add fish and parsley. Simmer covered for 5–10 minutes more or until fish flakes easily and is opaque. Serve hot.

**Fish and clam juice give this soup a hearty taste of the sea.**

Yield: 8 servings  
Serving size: 1 cup  
Each serving provides:  
- Calories: 170  
- Total fat: 5 g  
- Saturated fat: less than 1 g  
- Cholesterol: 56 mg  
- Sodium: 380 mg  
- Total fiber: 3 g  
- Protein: 22 g  
- Carbohydrates: 9 g  
- Potassium: 710 mg
Corn Chowder

1 Tbsp vegetable oil
2 Tbsp celery, finely diced
2 Tbsp onion, finely diced
2 Tbsp green pepper, finely diced
1 package (10 oz) frozen whole kernel corn
1 C raw potatoes, peeled, diced in 1/2-inch pieces
2 Tbsp fresh parsley, chopped
1 C water
1/4 tsp salt
to taste black pepper
1/4 tsp paprika
2 Tbsp flour
2 C lowfat or skim milk

1. Heat oil in medium saucepan. Add celery, onion, and green pepper, and sauté for 2 minutes.

2. Add corn, potatoes, water, salt, pepper, and paprika. Bring to boil, then reduce heat to medium. Cook covered for about 10 minutes or until potatoes are tender.

3. Place 1/2 cup of milk in jar with tight-fitting lid. Add flour and shake vigorously.

4. Gradually add milk-flour mixture to cooked vegetables. Then add remaining milk.

5. Cook, stirring constantly, until mixture comes to boil and thickens. Serve garnished with chopped, fresh parsley.

Yield: 4 servings
Serving size: 1 cup
Each serving provides:
Calories: 186
Total fat: 5 g
Saturated fat: 1 g
Cholesterol: 5 mg
Sodium: 205 mg
Total fiber: 4 g
Protein: 7 g
Carbohydrates: 31 g
Potassium: 455 mg
Curtido (Cabbage) Salvadoreño

1 medium head cabbage, chopped
2 small carrots, grated
1 small onion, sliced
1/2 tsp dried red pepper (optional)
1/2 tsp oregano
1 tsp olive oil
1 tsp salt
1 tsp brown sugar
1/2 C vinegar
1/2 C water

1. Blanch cabbage with boiling water for 1 minute. Discard water.
2. Place cabbage in large bowl and add grated carrots, sliced onion, red pepper, oregano, olive oil, salt, brown sugar, vinegar, and water.
3. Place in refrigerator for at least 2 hours before serving.

Surprise your taste buds with this flavorful dish—esta terrifica!

Yield: 8 servings
Serving size: 1 cup
Each serving provides:
Calories: 41
Total fat: 1 g
Saturated fat: less than 1 g
Cholesterol: 0 mg
Sodium: 293 mg
Total fiber: 2 g
Protein: 2 g
Carbohydrates: 7 g
Potassium: 325 mg

SERVING TIP
Try this dish with Pupusas Revueltas (see page 37).

Try this dish with Pupusas Revueltas (see page 37).
Gazpacho

3 medium tomatoes, peeled, chopped
1/2 C cucumber, seeded, chopped
1/2 C green pepper, chopped
2 green onions, sliced
2 C low-sodium vegetable juice cocktail
1 Tbsp lemon juice
1/2 tsp basil, dried
1/4 tsp hot pepper sauce
1 clove garlic, minced

1. In large mixing bowl, combine all ingredients.
2. Cover and chill in the refrigerator for several hours.

This chilled tomato soup is a classic—and chock full of healthy garden-fresh vegetables.

Yield: 4 servings
Serving size: 1 1/4 cups
Each serving provides:
- Calories: 52
- Total fat: less than 1 g
- Saturated fat: less than 1 g
- Cholesterol: 0 mg
- Sodium: 41 mg
- Total fiber: 2 g
- Protein: 2 g
- Carbohydrates: 12 g
- Potassium: 514 mg
Homemade Turkey Soup

6 lb turkey breast with bones (with at least 2 C meat)
2 medium onions
3 stalks celery
1 tsp dried thyme
1/2 tsp dried rosemary
1/2 tsp dried sage
1 tsp dried basil
1/2 tsp dried marjoram
1/2 tsp dried tarragon
1/2 tsp salt
to taste black pepper
1/2 lb Italian pastina or pasta

1. Place turkey breast in large 6-quart pot. Cover with water until at least three-quarters full.
2. Peel onions, cut into large pieces, and add to pot. Wash celery stalks, slice, and add to pot.
3. Simmer covered for about 2 1/2 hours.
4. Remove carcass from pot. Divide soup into smaller, shallower containers for quick cooling in refrigerator.
5. After cooling, skim off fat.
6. While soup cools, remove remaining meat from turkey carcass. Cut into pieces.
7. Add turkey meat to skimmed soup, along with herbs and spices.
8. Bring to boil and add pastina. Continue cooking on low boil for about 20 minutes, until pastina is done. Serve at once or refrigerate for later reheating.

This popular soup uses a "quick cool down" that lets you skim the fat right off the top—making it even healthier.

Yield: 16 servings (about 4 quarts of soup)
Serving size: 1 cup
Each serving provides:
- Calories: 201
- Total fat: 2 g
- Saturated fat: 1 g
- Cholesterol: 101 mg
- Sodium: 141 mg
- Total fiber: 1 g
- Protein: 33 g
- Carbohydrates: 11 g
- Potassium: 344 mg
Meatball Soup

1/2 lb ground chicken
1/2 lb ground lean beef
10 C water
1 Tbsp annato (also called achiote), optional, for coloring
1 bay leaf
1 small onion, chopped
1/2 C green pepper, chopped
1 tsp mint
2 small tomatoes, chopped
1/2 tsp oregano
4 Tbsp instant corn flour
1/2 tsp black pepper
2 cloves garlic, minced
1/2 tsp salt
2 medium carrots, chopped
2 C cabbage, chopped
2 celery stalks, chopped
1 package (10 oz) frozen corn
2 medium zucchini, chopped
1 medium chayote, chopped (added zucchini can be used instead)
1/2 C cilantro, minced

1. In large pot, combine water, annato, bay leaf, half of onion, green pepper, and 1/2 teaspoon of mint. Bring to boil.

2. In bowl, combine chicken, beef, other half of onion, tomato, oregano, corn flour, pepper, garlic, and salt. Mix well. Form 1-inch meatballs. Place meatballs in boiling water and lower heat. Cook over low heat for 30–45 minutes.


Yield: 8 servings
Serving size: 1 1/4 cups
Each serving provides:
Calories: 161
Total fat: 4 g
Saturated fat: 1 g
Cholesterol: 31 mg
Sodium: 193 mg
Total fiber: 4 g
Protein: 13 g
Carbohydrates: 17 g
Potassium: 461 mg
Mexican Pozole

2 lb lean beef, cubed*
1 Tbsp olive oil
1 large onion, chopped
1 clove garlic, finely chopped
1/4 tsp salt
1/8 tsp pepper
1/4 C cilantro
1 can (15 oz) stewed tomatoes
2 oz tomato paste
1 can (1 lb 13 oz) hominy

*Skinless, boneless chicken breasts can be used instead of beef cubes.

1. In large pot, heat oil, then sauté beef.
2. Add onion, garlic, salt, pepper, cilantro, and enough water to cover meat. Cover pot and cook over low heat until meat is tender.
3. Add tomatoes and tomato paste. Continue cooking for about 20 minutes.
4. Add hominy and continue cooking over low heat for another 15 minutes, stirring occasionally. If too thick, add water for desired consistency.

Yield: 10 servings
Serving size: 1 cup
Each serving provides:
Calories: 253
Total fat: 10 g
Saturated fat: 3 g
Cholesterol: 52 mg
Sodium: 425 mg
Total fiber: 4 g
Protein: 22 g
Carbohydrates: 19 g
Potassium: 485 mg
Minestrone Soup

Yield: 16 servings
Serving Size: 1 cup
Each serving provides:
Calories: 112
Total fat: 4 g
Saturated fat: 0 g
Cholesterol: 0 mg
Sodium: 202 mg
Total fiber: 4 g
Protein: 4 g
Carbohydrates: 17 g
Potassium: 393 mg

1/4 C olive oil
1 clove garlic, minced (or 1/8 tsp powder)
1 1/3 C onion, coarsely chopped
1 1/2 C celery with leaves, coarsely chopped
1 can (6 oz) tomato paste
1 Tbsp fresh parsley, chopped
1 C carrots, sliced, fresh or frozen
4 3/4 C cabbage, shredded
1 can (1 lb) tomatoes, cut up
1 C canned red kidney beans, drained, rinsed
1 1/2 C frozen peas
1 1/2 C fresh green beans
dash hot sauce
11 C water
2 C spaghetti, uncooked, broken

1. Heat oil in 4-quart saucepan. Add garlic, onion, and celery, and sauté for about 5 minutes.
2. Add all remaining ingredients except spaghetti. Stir until ingredients are well mixed.
3. Bring to boil and reduce heat, cover, and simmer for about 45 minutes or until vegetables are tender.
4. Add uncooked spaghetti and simmer for only 2–3 minutes.
Pupusas Revueltas

1 lb chicken breast, ground
1 Tbsp vegetable oil
1/2 lb lowfat mozzarella cheese, grated
1/2 small onion, finely diced
1 clove garlic, minced
1 medium green pepper, seeded, minced
1 small tomato, finely chopped
1/2 tsp salt
5 C instant corn flour (masa harina)
6 C water

1. In nonstick skillet, sauté chicken in oil over low heat until it turns white. Stir chicken constantly to keep it from sticking.

2. Add onion, garlic, green pepper, and tomato. Cook chicken mixture through. Remove skillet from stove and let mixture cool in refrigerator.

3. Meanwhile, place flour in large mixing bowl and stir in enough water to make stiff, tortilla-like dough.

4. When chicken mixture has cooled, mix in cheese.

5. Divide dough into 24 portions. With your hands, roll dough into balls and flatten each into 1/2-inch thick circle. Put spoonful of chicken mixture in middle of each circle of dough and bring edges to center. Flatten ball of dough again until it is 1/2-inch thick.

6. In very hot iron skillet, cook pupusas on each side until golden brown. Serve hot.

Yield: 12 servings
Serving size: 2 pupusas
Each serving provides:
Calories: 290
Total fat: 7 g
Saturated fat: 3 g
Cholesterol: 33 mg
Sodium: 223 mg
Total fiber: 5 g
Protein: 14 g
Carbohydrates: 38 g
Potassium: 272 mg

SERVING TIP
Try this dish with Curtido Salvadoreño (see page 31).

Ground chicken and lowfat cheese help keep down the fat and calories in this tasty dish.
Rockport Fish Chowder

2 Tbsp vegetable oil
1/4 C onion, coarsely chopped
1/2 C celery, coarsely chopped
1 C carrots, sliced
2 C potatoes, raw, peeled, cubed
1/4 tsp thyme
1/2 tsp paprika
2 C bottled clam juice
1 lb fresh or frozen (and thawed) cod or haddock fillets, cut into 3/4–inch cubes
1/4 C flour
3 C lowfat milk
1 Tbsp fresh parsley, chopped

1. Heat oil in large saucepan. Add onion and celery, and sauté for about 3 minutes.

2. Add carrots, potatoes, thyme, paprika, and clam broth. Wrap peppercorns and bay leaf in cheese cloth. Add to pot. Bring to boil, reduce heat, and simmer for 15 minutes, then add fish and simmer for an added 15 minutes, or until fish flakes easily and is opaque.

3. Remove fish and vegetables. Break fish into chunks. Bring broth to boil and continue boiling until volume is reduced to 1 cup. Remove bay leaf and peppercorns.

4. Shake flour and 1/2 cup lowfat milk in container with tight-fitting lid until smooth. Add to broth in saucepan, along with remaining milk. Cook over medium heat, stirring constantly, until mixture boils and is thickened.

5. Return vegetables and fish chunks to stock and heat thoroughly. Serve hot, sprinkled with chopped parsley.

Serve this chowder as an appetizer or meal in itself—and eat like an admiral on a health cruise.

Yield: 8 servings
Serving size: 1 cup
Each serving provides:
Calories: 186
Total fat: 6 g
Saturated fat: 1 g
Cholesterol: 34 mg
Sodium: 302 mg
Total fiber: 2 g
Protein: 15 g
Carbohydrates: 18 g
Potassium: 602 mg
**Bavarian Beef**

1 1/4 lb lean beef stew meat, trimmed of fat, cut in 1-inch pieces
1 Tbsp vegetable oil
1 large onion, thinly sliced
1 1/2 C water
3/4 tsp caraway seeds
1/2 tsp salt
1/8 tsp black pepper
1 bay leaf
1/4 C white vinegar
1 Tbsp sugar
1/2 small head red cabbage, cut into 4 wedges
1/4 C gingersnaps, crushed

1. Brown meat in oil in heavy skillet. Remove meat and sauté onion in remaining oil until golden. Return meat to skillet. Add water, caraway seeds, salt, pepper, and bay leaf. Bring to boil. Reduce heat, cover, and simmer for 1 1/4 hours.

2. Add vinegar and sugar, and stir. Place cabbage on top of meat. Cover and simmer for an added 45 minutes.

3. Remove meat and cabbage, arrange on platter, and keep warm.

4. Strain drippings from skillet and skim off fat. Add enough water to drippings to yield 1 cup of liquid.

5. Return to skillet with crushed gingersnaps. Cook and stir until thickened and mixture boils. Pour over meat and vegetables, and serve.

**Yield:** 5 servings  
**Serving size:** 5 oz  
**Each serving provides:**  
- Calories: 218  
- Total fat: 7 g  
- Saturated fat: 2 g  
- Cholesterol: 60 mg  
- Sodium: 323 mg  
- Total fiber: 2 g  
- Protein: 24 g  
- Carbohydrates: 14 g  
- Potassium: 509 mg
Beef and Bean Chili

2 lb  lean beef stew meat, trimmed of fat, cut in 1-inch cubes
3 Tbsp  vegetable oil
2 C  water
2 tsp  garlic, minced
1 large onion, finely chopped
1 Tbsp  flour
2 tsp  chili powder
1 green pepper, chopped
2 lb  (or 3 C) tomatoes, chopped
1 Tbsp  oregano
1 tsp  cumin
2 C  canned kidney beans*

*To cut back on sodium, try using "no salt added" canned kidney beans or beans prepared at home without salt.

1. Brown meat in large skillet with half of vegetable oil. Add water. Simmer covered for 1 hour until meat is tender.

2. Heat remaining vegetable oil in second skillet. Add garlic and onion, and cook over low heat until onion is softened. Add flour and cook for 2 minutes.

3. Add garlic-onion-flour mixture to cooked meat. Then add remaining ingredients to meat mixture. Simmer for 1/2 hour.

Yield: 9 servings
Serving size: 8 oz
Each serving provides:
Calories: 284
Total fat: 10 g
Saturated fat: 2 g
Cholesterol: 76 mg
Sodium: 162 mg
Total fiber: 4 g
Protein: 33 g
Carbohydrates: 16 g
Potassium: 769 mg
Lean top round beef and plain lowfat yogurt transform this rich dish into a heart healthy meal.

Beef Stroganoff

1 lb lean beef (top round), cubed
2 tsp vegetable oil
3/4 Tbsp onion, finely chopped
1 lb mushrooms, sliced
1/4 tsp salt
to taste pepper
1/4 tsp nutmeg
1/2 tsp dried basil
1/4 C white wine
1 C plain lowfat yogurt
6 C macaroni, cooked in unsalted water

1. Cut beef into 1-inch cubes.
3. Add beef and sauté for 5 minutes more. Turn to brown evenly. Remove from pan and keep hot.
4. Add remaining oil to pan and sauté mushrooms.
5. Add beef and onions to pan with seasonings.
6. Add wine and yogurt, and gently stir in. Heat, but do not boil.*
7. Serve with macaroni.

*If thickening is desired, use 2 teaspoons of cornstarch. Calories are same as for flour, but cornstarch has double the thickening power. The calories for cornstarch are not included in the nutrients per serving given above. To add cornstarch, take small amount of wine and yogurt broth and put aside to cool. Stir in cornstarch. Add some of warm broth to cornstarch paste and stir. Then, add cornstarch mixture to pan.

Yield: 5 servings
Serving size: 6 oz
Each serving provides:
Calories: 499
Total fat: 10 g
Saturated fat: 3 g
Cholesterol: 80 mg
Sodium: 200 mg
Total fiber: 4 g
Protein: 41 g
Carbohydrates: 58 g
Potassium: 891 mg
Black Skillet Beef With Greens and Red Potatoes

1 lb top round beef
1 Tbsp paprika
1 1/2 tsp oregano
1/2 tsp chili powder
1/4 tsp garlic powder
1/4 tsp black pepper
1/8 tsp red pepper
1/8 tsp dry mustard
8 red-skinned potatoes, halved
3 C onion, finely chopped
2 C beef broth
2 cloves large garlic, minced
2 large carrots, peeled, cut into very thin, 2 1/2-inch strips
2 bunch (1/2 lb) mustard greens, kale, or turnip greens, stems removed, coarsely torn
as needed nonstick cooking spray

Yield: 6 servings
Serving size: 7 oz
Each serving provides:
Calories: 340
Total fat: 5 g
Saturated fat: 2 g
Cholesterol: 64 mg
Sodium: 109 mg
Total fiber: 8 g
Protein: 30 g
Carbohydrates: 45 g
Potassium: 1,278 mg

1. Partially freeze beef. Thinly slice across grain into long strips 1/8-inch thick and 3 inches wide.

2. Combine paprika, oregano, chili powder, garlic powder, black pepper, red pepper, and dry mustard. Coat strips of meat with spice mixture.

3. Spray large, heavy skillet with nonstick coating. Preheat pan over high heat. Add meat and cook, stirring, for 5 minutes. Then add potatoes, onion, broth, and garlic, and cook covered over medium heat for 20 minutes. Stir in carrots, lay greens over top, and cook covered until carrots are tender, about 15 minutes.

4. Serve in large serving bowl with crusty bread for dunking.
Quick Beef Casserole

1/2 lb lean ground beef
1 C onion, chopped
1 C celery, chopped
1 C green pepper, cubed
3 1/2 C tomatoes, diced
1/4 tsp salt
1/2 tsp black pepper
1/4 tsp paprika
1 C frozen peas
2 small carrots, diced
1 C uncooked rice
1 1/2 C water

1. In skillet, brown ground beef and drain off fat.

Tired? Busy? You don’t need hours to make healthy dishes. Try this one-skillet wonder.

Yield: 8 servings
Serving size: 1 1/3 cups
Each serving provides:
Calories: 201
Total fat: 5 g
Saturated fat: 2 g
Cholesterol: 16 mg
Sodium: 164 mg
Total fiber: 3 g
Protein: 9 g
Carbohydrates: 31 g
Potassium: 449 mg
Scrumptious Meat Loaf

1lb ground beef, extra lean
1/2 C (4 oz) tomato paste
1/4 C onion, chopped
1/4 C green peppers
1/4 C red peppers
1 C tomatoes, fresh, blanched, chopped
1/2 tsp mustard, low sodium
1/4 tsp ground black pepper
1/2 tsp hot pepper, chopped
2 cloves garlic, chopped
2 stalks scallion, chopped
1/2 tsp ground ginger
1/8 tsp ground nutmeg
1 tsp orange rind, grated
1/2 tsp thyme, crushed
1/4 C bread crumbs, finely grated

1. Mix all ingredients together.
2. Place in 1-pound loaf pan (preferably with drip rack) and bake covered at 350 °F for 50 minutes.
3. Uncover pan and continue baking for 12 minutes.

*For a different take on “meat loaf,” try the turkey version on page 72.

Yield: 6 servings
Serving size:
6, 1 1/4-inch-thick slices
Each serving provides:
Calories: 193
Total fat: 9 g
Saturated fat: 3 g
Cholesterol: 45 mg
Sodium: 91 mg
Total fiber: 2 g
Protein: 17 g
Carbohydrates: 11 g
Potassium: 513 mg

Got the meat loaf blahs? This recipe transforms the ordinary into the extraordinary.*
Stir-Fried Beef and Potatoes

1 1/2 lb sirloin steak
2 tsp vegetable oil
1 clove garlic, minced
1 tsp vinegar
1/8 tsp salt
1/8 tsp pepper
2 large onions, sliced
1 large tomato, sliced
3 C boiled potatoes, diced

1. Trim fat from steak and cut into small, thin pieces.
2. In large skillet, heat oil and sauté garlic until golden.
3. Add steak, vinegar, salt, and pepper. Cook for 6 minutes, stirring beef until brown.
4. Add onion and tomato. Cook until onion is transparent. Serve with boiled potatoes.

Vinegar and garlic give this easy-to-fix dish its tasty zip.

Yield: 6 servings
Serving size: 1 1/4 cup
Each serving provides:
Calories: 274
Total fat: 5 g
Saturated fat: 1 g
Cholesterol: 56 mg
Sodium: 96 mg
Total fiber: 3 g
Protein: 24 g
Carbohydrates: 33 g
Potassium: 878 mg
Stir-Fried Beef and Chinese Vegetables

2 Tbsp dry red wine
1 Tbsp soy sauce
1/2 tsp sugar
1 1/2 tsp gingerroot, peeled, grated
1 lb boneless round steak, fat trimmed, cut across grain into 1 1/2-inch strips
2 Tbsp vegetable oil
2 medium onions, each cut into 8 wedges
1/2 lb fresh mushrooms, rinsed, trimmed, sliced
2 stalks (1/2 C) celery, bias cut into 1/4-inch slices
2 small green peppers, cut into thin lengthwise strips
1 C water chestnuts, drained, sliced
2 Tbsp cornstarch
1/4 C water

1. Prepare marinade by mixing together wine, soy sauce, sugar, and ginger.

2. Marinate meat in mixture while preparing vegetables.

3. Heat 1 tablespoon oil in large skillet or wok. Stir-fry onions and mushrooms for 3 minutes over medium-high heat.

4. Add celery and cook for 1 minute. Add remaining vegetables and cook for 2 minutes or until green pepper is tender but crisp. Transfer vegetables to warm bowl.

5. Add remaining 1 tablespoon oil to skillet. Stir-fry meat in oil for about 2 minutes, or until meat loses its pink color.


Yield: 6 servings
Serving size: 6 oz
Each serving provides:
Calories: 200
Total fat: 9 g
Saturated fat: 2 g
Cholesterol: 40 mg
Sodium: 201 mg
Total fiber: 3 g
Protein: 17 g
Carbohydrates: 12 g
Potassium: 552 mg
**Baked Pork Chops**

6 lean center-cut pork chops, 1/2-inch thick*
1 egg white
1 C evaporated skim milk
3/4 C cornflake crumbs
1/4 C fine dry bread crumbs
4 tsp paprika
2 tsp oregano
3/4 tsp chili powder
1/2 tsp garlic powder
1/2 tsp black pepper
1/8 tsp cayenne pepper
1/8 tsp dry mustard
1/2 tsp salt

as needed nonstick cooking spray

*Try the recipe with skinless, boneless chicken or turkey parts, or fish—bake for just 20 minutes.

1. Preheat oven to 375 °F.
2. Trim fat from pork chops.
3. Beat egg white with evaporated skim milk. Place chops in milk mixture and let stand for 5 minutes, turning once.
4. Meanwhile, mix cornflake crumbs, bread crumbs, spices, and salt.
5. Use nonstick cooking spray on 13- by 9-inch baking pan.
6. Remove chops from milk mixture and coat thoroughly with crumb mixture.
7. Place chops in pan and bake at 375 °F for 20 minutes. Turn chops and bake for added 15 minutes or until no pink remains.
Shish Kabob

2 Tbsp olive oil
1/2 C chicken broth
1/4 C red wine
1 lemon, juice only
1 tsp chopped garlic
1/4 tsp salt
1/2 tsp rosemary
1/8 tsp black pepper
2 lb lean lamb, cut into 1-inch cubes
24 cherry tomatoes
24 mushrooms
24 small onions

1. Combine oil, broth, wine, lemon juice, garlic, salt, rosemary, and pepper. Pour over lamb, tomatoes, mushrooms, and onions. Marinate in refrigerator for several hours or overnight.

2. Put together skewers of lamb, onions, mushrooms, and tomatoes. Broil 3 inches from heat for 15 minutes, turning every 5 minutes.

Yield: 8 servings
Serving size: 1 kabob, with 3 oz of meat
Each serving provides:
Calories: 274
Total fat: 12 g
Saturated fat: 3 g
Cholesterol: 75 mg
Sodium: 207 mg
Total fiber: 3 g
Protein: 26 g
Carbohydrates: 16 g
Potassium: 728 mg
Spicy Veal Roast

1/4 tsp salt
1/2 tsp black pepper
1/2 tsp cinnamon
1 1/2 tsp cumin
3 lb boned lean veal shoulder, trimmed, rolled, tied
4 tsp olive oil
1/2 lb onions, peeled
1/2 clove garlic, peeled
2 tsp dried tarragon
4 sprigs fresh parsley
1 tsp thyme
1 bay leaf

1. Mix together salt, pepper, cinnamon, and cumin. Rub over roast.


3. Heat remaining 2 teaspoons of oil in ovenproof pan large enough to hold all ingredients. Brown meat on all sides.


5. Bake in 325 ºF oven for 1 1/2 hours, or until meat is tender.

6. Remove meat to serving platter. Skim fat from cooking juices. Remove bay leaf and parsley. Cut roast in 1/4- to 1/2-inch slices. Pour a little cooking juice over roast and serve rest on side.

Yield: 12 servings
Serving size: 3 oz
Each serving provides:
Calories: 206
Total fat: 8 g
Saturated fat: 3 g
Cholesterol: 124 mg
Sodium: 149 mg
Total fiber: 1 g
Protein: 30 g
Carbohydrates: 2 g
Potassium: 459 mg
Barbecued Chicken

3 lb chicken parts (breast, drumstick, and thigh), skin and fat removed
1 large onion, thinly sliced
3 Tbsp vinegar
3 Tbsp Worcestershire sauce
2 Tbsp brown sugar
to taste black pepper
1 Tbsp hot pepper flakes
1 Tbsp chili powder
1 C chicken stock or broth, fat skimmed from top

1. Place chicken in 13- by 9- by 2-inch pan. Arrange onions over top.
2. Mix together vinegar, Worcestershire sauce, brown sugar, pepper, hot pepper flakes, chili powder, and stock.
3. Pour mixture over chicken and bake at 350 °F for 1 hour or until done. While cooking, baste occasionally.

Don’t forget to remove the skin and fat to keep this zesty dish heart healthy.

Yield: 8 servings
Serving size: 1 chicken part with sauce
Each serving provides:
Calories: 176
Total fat: 6 g
Saturated fat: 2 g
Cholesterol: 68 mg
Sodium: 240 mg
Total fiber: 1 g
Protein: 24 g
Carbohydrates: 7 g
Potassium: 360 mg
Barbecued Chicken—Spicy Southern Style

5 Tbsp (3 oz) tomato paste
1 tsp ketchup
2 tsp honey
1 tsp molasses
1 tsp Worcestershire sauce
4 tsp white vinegar
3/4 tsp cayenne pepper
1/8 tsp black pepper
1/4 tsp onion powder
2 cloves garlic, minced
1/8 tsp ginger, grated
1 1/2 lb chicken (breasts, drumsticks), skinless

1. Combine all ingredients except chicken in saucepan.
2. Simmer for 15 minutes.
3. Wash chicken and pat dry. Place it on large platter and brush with half of sauce mixture.
4. Cover with plastic wrap and marinate in refrigerator for 1 hour.
5. Place chicken on baking sheet lined with aluminum foil and broil for 10 minutes on each side to seal in juices.
6. Turn oven to 350 °F and add remaining sauce to chicken. Cover chicken with aluminum foil and continue baking for 30 minutes.

Yield: 6 servings
Serving size: 1/2 breast or 2 small drumsticks
Each serving provides:
Calories: 176
Total fat: 4 g
Saturated fat: less than 1 g
Cholesterol: 81 mg
Sodium: 199 mg
Total fiber: 1 g
Protein: 27 g
Carbohydrates: 7 g
Potassium: 392 mg
Chicken Gumbo

1 tsp vegetable oil
1/4 C flour
3 C low-sodium chicken broth
1 1/2 lb chicken breast, skinless, boneless, cut into 1-inch strips
1 C (1/2 lb) white potatoes, cubed
1 C onions, chopped
1 C (1/2 lb) carrots, coarsely chopped
1/2 medium carrot, grated
1/4 C celery, chopped
4 cloves garlic, finely minced
2 stalks scallion, chopped
1 whole bay leaf
1/2 tsp thyme
1/2 tsp black pepper, ground
2 tsp hot (or jalapeño) pepper
1 C (1/2 lb) okra, sliced into 1/2-inch pieces

1. Add oil to large pot and heat over medium flame.
2. Stir in flour. Cook, stirring constantly, until flour begins to turn golden brown.
3. Slowly stir in all broth using wire whisk. Cook for 2 minutes. Broth mixture should not be lumpy.
4. Add rest of ingredients except okra. Bring to boil, then reduce heat and let simmer for 20–30 minutes.
5. Add okra and let cook for 15–20 more minutes.
6. Remove bay leaf and serve hot in bowl or over rice.

Simple but filling—this dish feeds the need.

Yield: 8 servings
Serving size: 3/4 cup
Each serving provides:
Calories: 165
Total fat: 4 g
Saturated fat: 1 g
Cholesterol: 51 mg
Sodium: 81 mg
Total fiber: 2 g
Protein: 21 g
Carbohydrates: 11 g
Potassium: 349 mg
# Chicken and Rice

6 chicken pieces (legs and breasts), skinless
2 tsp vegetable oil
4 C water
2 tomatoes, chopped
1/2 C green pepper, chopped
1/4 C red pepper, chopped
1/4 C celery, diced
1 medium carrot, grated
1/4 C corn, frozen
1/2 C onion, chopped
1/4 C fresh cilantro, chopped
2 cloves garlic, chopped fine
1/8 tsp salt
1/8 tsp pepper
2 C rice
1/2 C frozen peas
2 oz Spanish olives
1/4 C raisins

1. In large pot, brown chicken pieces in oil.
2. Add water, tomatoes, green and red peppers, celery, carrots, corn, onion, cilantro, garlic, salt, and pepper. Cover and cook over medium heat for 20–30 minutes or until chicken is done.
3. Remove chicken from pot and place in refrigerator. Add rice, peas, and olives to pot. Cover pot and cook over low heat for about 20 minutes until rice is done.
4. Add chicken and raisins, and cook for another 8 minutes.

Yield: 6 servings
Serving size: 1 cup of rice and 1 piece of chicken
Each serving provides:
- Calories: 448
- Total fat: 7 g
- Saturated fat: 2 g
- Cholesterol: 49 mg
- Sodium: 352 mg
- Total fiber: 4 g
- Protein: 24 g
- Carbohydrates: 70 g
- Potassium: 551 mg

Let this Latino-inspired dish—full of heart healthy ingredients—inspire you.
**Chicken and Spanish Rice**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>onions, chopped</td>
<td>1 C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>green peppers</td>
<td>1/4 C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>vegetable oil</td>
<td>2 tsp</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(8 oz) tomato sauce</td>
<td>1 can</td>
<td><em>Reduce sodium by using one 4-oz can of no salt added tomato sauce and one 4-oz can of regular tomato sauce. New sodium content for each serving is 226 mg.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>parsley, chopped</td>
<td>1 tsp</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>black pepper</td>
<td>1/2 tsp</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>garlic, minced</td>
<td>1 1/4 tsp</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cooked rice (in unsalted water)</td>
<td>5 C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>chicken breast, cooked, skin and bone removed, diced</td>
<td>3 1/2 C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. In large skillet, sauté onions and green peppers in oil for 5 minutes on medium heat.
2. Add tomato sauce and spices. Heat through.
3. Add cooked rice and chicken, and heat through.

**Yield:** 5 Servings

**Serving size:** 1 1/2 cups

**Each serving provides:**
- Calories: 406
- Total fat: 6 g
- Saturated fat: 2 g
- Cholesterol: 75 mg
- Sodium: 367 mg
- Total fiber: 2 g
- Protein: 33 g
- Carbohydrates: 52 g
- Potassium: 527 mg
**Chicken Marsala**

1/8 tsp  black pepper  
1/4 tsp  salt  
1/4 C   flour  
4  (5 oz total) chicken breasts, boned, skinless  
1 Tbsp  olive oil  
1/2 C   Marsala wine  
1/2 C   chicken stock, fat skimmed from top  
1/2  lemon, juice only  
1/2 C   mushrooms, sliced  
1 Tbsp fresh parsley, chopped

1. Mix together pepper, salt, and flour. Coat chicken with seasoned flour.
2. In heavy-bottomed skillet, heat oil. Place chicken breasts in skillet and brown on both sides, then remove and set aside.
3. To skillet, add wine and stir until heated. Add juice, stock, and mushrooms. Stir, reduce heat, and cook for about 10 minutes, until sauce is partially reduced.
4. Return browned chicken breasts to skillet. Spoon sauce over chicken.
5. Cover and cook for about 5–10 minutes or until chicken is done.

Want flavor without lots of salt and fat? Try this dish, which combines wine, lemon juice, and mushrooms into a delicious sauce.

**Yield:** 4 servings  
**Serving size:** 1 chicken breast with 1/3 cup of sauce  
**Each serving provides:**  
- Calories: 285  
- Total fat: 8 g  
- Saturated fat: 2 g  
- Cholesterol: 85 mg  
- Sodium: 236 mg  
- Total fiber: 1 g  
- Protein: 33 g  
- Carbohydrates: 11 g  
- Potassium: 348 mg
Chicken Orientale

8 boneless, skinless chicken breasts, cut into chunks
8 fresh mushrooms
to taste black pepper
8 whole white onions, parboiled
2 oranges, quartered
8 canned pineapple chunks, nonsweetened
8 cherry tomatoes
1 can (6 oz) frozen, concentrated apple juice, thawed
1 C dry white wine
2 Tbsp soy sauce, low sodium
dash ginger, ground
2 Tbsp vinegar
1/4 C vegetable oil

1. Sprinkle chicken breasts with pepper.

2. Thread 8 skewers as follows: chicken, mushroom, chicken, onion, chicken, orange quarter, chicken, pineapple chunk, cherry tomato. Place kabobs in shallow pan.

3. Combine remaining ingredients and spoon over kabobs. Marinate in refrigerator for at least 1 hour, then drain.

4. Broil kabobs 6 inches from heat for 15 minutes for each side. Brush with marinade every 5 minutes. After done, discard leftover marinade and serve kabobs.

Yield: 8 servings
Serving size: 1/2 kabob
Each serving provides:
Calories: 359
Total fat: 11 g
Saturated fat: 2 g
Cholesterol: 66 mg
Sodium: 226 mg
Total fiber: 3 g
Protein: 28 g
Carbohydrates: 34 g
Potassium: 756 mg
Chicken Ratatouille

It may be hard to say ratatouille, but this one-dish recipe will show you that it’s very easy to eat.

Yield: 4 servings  
Serving size: 1 1/2 cups  
Each serving provides:
Calories: 266  
Total fat: 8 g  
Saturated fat: 2 g  
Cholesterol: 66 mg  
Sodium: 253 mg  
Total fiber: 6 g  
Protein: 30 g  
Carbohydrates: 21 g  
Potassium: 1,148 mg

1 Tbsp vegetable oil
4 medium chicken breast halves, skinned, fat removed, boned, and cut into 1-inch pieces
2 zucchini, about 7 inches long, unpeeled, thinly sliced
1 small eggplant, peeled, cut into 1-inch cubes
1 medium onion, thinly sliced
1 medium green pepper, cut into 1-inch pieces
1/2 lb fresh mushrooms, sliced
1 can (16 oz) whole tomatoes, cut up
1 clove garlic, minced
1 1/2 tsp dried basil, crushed
1 Tbsp fresh parsley, minced
to taste black pepper

1. Heat oil in large nonstick skillet. Add chicken and sauté for about 3 minutes or until lightly browned.

2. Add zucchini, eggplant, onion, green pepper, and mushrooms. Cook for about 15 minutes, stirring occasionally.

3. Add tomatoes, garlic, basil, parsley, and pepper. Stir and continue to cook for about 5 minutes or until chicken is tender.
**Chicken Salad**

3 1/4 C chicken, cooked, cubed, skinless
1/4 C celery, chopped
1 Tbsp lemon juice
1/2 tsp onion powder
1/8 tsp salt*
3 Tbsp mayonnaise, lowfat

*Reduce sodium by removing the 1/8 tsp of added salt. New sodium content for each serving is 127 mg.

1. Bake chicken, cut into cubes, and refrigerate.
2. In large bowl, combine rest of ingredients, add chilled chicken and mix well.

**Yield:** 5 servings  
**Serving size:** 3/4 cup  
**Each serving provides:**  
Calories: 183  
Total fat: 7 g  
Saturated fat: 2 g  
Cholesterol: 78 mg  
Sodium: 201 mg  
Total fiber: 0 g  
Protein: 27 g  
Carbohydrates: 1 g  
Potassium: 240 mg
Chicken Stew

8 pieces chicken (breasts or legs)
1 C water
2 cloves small garlic, minced
1 small onion, chopped
1 1/2 tsp salt
1/2 tsp pepper
3 medium tomatoes, chopped
1 tsp parsley, chopped
1/4 C celery, finely chopped
2 medium potatoes, peeled, chopped
2 small carrots, chopped
2 bay leaves

1. Remove skin from chicken, along with any extra fat. In large skillet, combine chicken, water, garlic, onion, salt, pepper, tomatoes, and parsley. Tightly cover and cook over low heat for 25 minutes.

2. Add celery, potatoes, carrots, and bay leaves and continue to cook for 15 more minutes or until chicken and vegetables are tender. Remove bay leaves before serving.

Yield: 8 servings
Serving size: 1 piece of chicken
Each serving provides:
Calories: 206
Total fat: 6 g
Saturated fat: 2 g
Cholesterol: 75 mg
Sodium: 489 mg
Total fiber: 2 g
Protein: 28 g
Carbohydrates: 10 g
Potassium: 493 mg
Crispy Oven-Fried Chicken

1/2 C skim milk or buttermilk
1 tsp poultry seasoning
1 C cornflakes, crumbled
1 1/2 Tbsp onion powder
1 1/2 Tbsp garlic powder
2 tsp black pepper
2 tsp dried hot pepper, crushed
1 tsp ginger, ground
8 pieces chicken, skinless (4 breasts, 4 drumsticks)
a few shakes of paprika
1 tsp vegetable oil

1. Preheat oven to 350 °F.
2. Add 1/2 teaspoon of poultry seasoning to milk.
3. Combine all other spices with cornflake crumbs and place in plastic bag.
4. Wash chicken and pat dry. Dip chicken into milk, shake to remove excess, then quickly shake in bag with seasoning and crumbs.
5. Refrigerate for 1 hour.
6. Remove from refrigerator and sprinkle lightly with paprika for color.
7. Evenly space chicken on greased baking pan.
8. Cover with aluminum foil and bake for 40 minutes. Remove foil and continue baking for an added 30–40 minutes or until meat can be easily pulled away from bone with fork. Drumsticks may require less baking time than breasts. (Do not turn chicken during baking.) Crumbs will form crispy "skin."

Yield: 6 servings
Serving size: 1/2 breast or 2 small drumsticks
Each serving provides:
Calories: 256
Total fat: 5 g
Saturated fat: 1 g
Cholesterol: 82 mg
Sodium: 286 mg
Total fiber: 1 g
Protein: 30 g
Carbohydrates: 22 g
Potassium: 339 mg

Kids will love this chicken—it tastes batter-dipped and fried, but is actually good for the heart.
Finger-Licking Curried Chicken

1 1/2 tsp curry powder
1 tsp thyme, crushed
1 stalk scallion, chopped
1 Tbsp hot pepper, chopped
1 tsp black pepper, ground
8 cloves garlic, crushed
1 Tbsp ginger, grated
3/4 tsp salt
8 pieces chicken, skinless (breast and drumstick)
1 Tbsp olive oil
1 C water
1 medium white potato, diced
1 large onion, chopped

1. Mix together curry powder, thyme, scallion, hot pepper, cayenne pepper, black pepper, garlic, ginger, onion, and salt.

2. Sprinkle seasoning mixture on chicken.

3. Marinate for at least 2 hours in refrigerator.


5. Add water and allow chicken to cook over medium flame for 30 minutes.

6. Add diced potatoes and cook for an added 30 minutes.

7. Add onions and cook for 15 minutes more or until meat is tender.

Yield: 6 servings
Serving size: 1/2 breast or 2 small drumsticks
Each serving provides:
Calories: 213
Total fat: 6 g
Saturated fat: 2 g
Cholesterol: 81 mg
Sodium: 363 mg
Total fiber: 1 g
Protein: 28 g
Carbohydrates: 10 g
Potassium: 384 mg
Grilled Chicken  
With Green Chile Sauce

4 chicken breasts, boneless, skinless
1/4 C olive oil
2 limes, juice only
1/4 tsp oregano
1/2 tsp black pepper
1/4 C water
10–12 tomatillos, husks removed, cut in half
1/2 medium onion, quartered
2 cloves garlic, finely chopped
2 jalapeño peppers
2 Tbsp cilantro, chopped
1/4 tsp salt
1/4 C lowfat sour cream

1. Combine oil, juice from one lime, oregano, and black pepper in shallow, glass baking dish. Stir.

2. Place chicken breasts in baking dish and turn to coat each side. Cover dish and refrigerate overnight. Turn chicken periodically to marinate it on both sides.

3. Put water, tomatillos, and onion into saucepan. Bring to gentle boil and cook uncovered for 10 minutes or until tomatillos are tender.

4. In blender, place cooked onion, tomatillos, and any remaining water. Add garlic, jalapeño peppers, cilantro, salt, and juice of second lime. Blend until all ingredients are smooth. Place sauce in bowl and refrigerate.

5. Place chicken breasts on hot grill and cook until done. Place chicken on serving platter. Spoon tablespoon of lowfat sour cream over each chicken breast. Pour sauce over sour cream.

In this recipe, the chicken is marinated to make it tender without using a lot of fat.

Yield: 4 servings
Serving size: 1 breast
Each serving provides:
Calories: 210
Total fat: 5 g
Saturated fat: 1 g
Cholesterol: 73 mg
Sodium: 91 mg
Total fiber: 3 g
Protein: 29 g
Carbohydrates: 14 g
Potassium: 780 mg
Jamaican Jerk Chicken

1/2 tsp cinnamon, ground
1 1/2 tsp allspice, ground
1 1/2 tsp black pepper, ground
1 Tbsp hot pepper, chopped
1 tsp hot pepper, crushed, dried
2 tsp oregano, crushed
2 tsp thyme, crushed
1/2 tsp salt
6 cloves garlic, finely chopped
1 C onion, pureed or finely chopped
1/4 C vinegar
3 Tbsp brown sugar
8 pieces chicken, skinless
(4 breasts, 4 drumsticks)

1. Preheat oven to 350 °F.
2. Combine all ingredients except chicken in large bowl. Rub seasoning over chicken and marinate in refrigerator for 6 hours or longer.
3. Evenly space chicken on nonstick or lightly greased baking pan.
4. Cover with aluminum foil and bake for 40 minutes. Remove foil and continue baking for an added 30–40 minutes or until the meat can be easily pulled away from the bone with a fork.

Yields: 6 servings
Serving size: 1/2 breast or 2 small drumsticks
Each serving provides:
Calories: 199
Total fat: 4 g
Saturated fat: 1 g
Cholesterol: 81 mg
Sodium: 267 mg
Total fiber: 1 g
Protein: 28 g
Carbohydrates: 12 g
Potassium: 338 mg

The spices and peppers in this dish will transport you to a whole new taste.
## 20-Minute Chicken Creole

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>medium chicken breast halves, skinless, boned, and cut into 1-inch strips*</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 C</td>
<td>(14 oz) tomatoes, cut up**</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 C</td>
<td>low-sodium chili sauce</td>
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<tr>
<td>1 1/2 C</td>
<td>(1 large) green pepper, chopped</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>1 1/2 C</td>
<td>celery, chopped</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>1/4 C</td>
<td>onion, chopped</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 cloves</td>
<td>garlic, minced</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>1 Tbsp</td>
<td>fresh basil (or 1 tsp dried)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>1 Tbsp</td>
<td>fresh parsley (or 1 tsp dried)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/4 tsp</td>
<td>red pepper, crushed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/4 tsp</td>
<td>salt</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>as needed</td>
<td>nonstick cooking spray</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

* For convenience, you can use uncooked boneless, skinless chicken breast.

** To cut back on sodium, try low sodium canned tomatoes.

2. Cook chicken in hot skillet, stirring, for 3–5 minutes or until no longer pink. Reduce heat.
3. Add tomatoes with juice, low sodium chili sauce, green pepper, celery, onion, garlic, basil, parsley, crushed red pepper, and salt. Bring to boil and reduce heat. Simmer covered for 10 minutes.
4. Serve over hot cooked rice or whole wheat pasta.

### Yield: 4 servings

**Serving size:** 1 1/2 cups

**Each serving provides:**
- Calories: 274
- Total fat: 5 g
- Saturated fat: 1 g
- Cholesterol: 73 mg
- Sodium: 383 mg
- Total fiber: 4 g
- Protein: 30 g
- Carbohydrates: 30 g
- Potassium: 944 mg
**Very Lemony Chicken**

1 \(\frac{1}{2}\) lb chicken breast, skinned, fat removed

\(\frac{1}{2}\) C fresh lemon juice

2 Tbsp white wine vinegar

\(\frac{1}{2}\) C fresh lemon peel, sliced

3 tsp fresh oregano, chopped (or 1 tsp dried oregano, crushed)

1 medium onion, sliced

\(\frac{1}{4}\) tsp salt

to taste black pepper

\(\frac{1}{2}\) tsp paprika

1. Place chicken in 13- by 9- by 2-inch glass baking dish.

2. Mix lemon juice, vinegar, lemon peel, oregano, and onions. Pour over chicken, cover, and marinate in refrigerator several hours, turning occasionally, or overnight.

3. Sprinkle with salt, pepper, and paprika.

4. Cover and bake at 300 °F for 30 minutes. Uncover and bake for added 30 minutes or until done.

**Yield:** 4 servings

**Serving size:**
1 breast with sauce

**Each serving provides:**
- Calories: 179
- Total fat: 4 g
- Saturated fat: 1 g
- Cholesterol: 73 mg
- Sodium: 222 mg
- Total fiber: 2 g
- Protein: 28 g
- Carbohydrates: 8 g
- Potassium: 350 mg
Yosemite Chicken Stew and Dumplings

FOR STEW

1 lb chicken, skinless, boneless, cut into 1-inch cubes
1/2 C onion, coarsely chopped
1 medium carrot, peeled, thinly sliced
1 stalk celery, thinly sliced
1/4 tsp salt
to taste black pepper
1 pinch ground cloves
1 bay leaf
3 C water
1 tsp cornstarch
1 tsp dried basil
1 package (10 oz) frozen peas

FOR CORNMEAL DUMPLINGS

1 C yellow cornmeal
3/4 C sifted all-purpose flour
2 tsp baking powder
1/2 tsp salt
1 C lowfat milk
1 Tbsp vegetable oil

Yield: 6 servings
Serving size: 1 1/4 cups stew with 2 dumplings
Each serving provides:
Calories: 301
Total fat: 6 g
Saturated fat: 1 g
Cholesterol: 43 mg
Sodium: 471 mg
Total fiber: 5 g
Protein: 24 g
Carbohydrates: 37 g
Potassium: 409 mg

To prepare stew:

1. Place chicken, onion, carrot, celery, salt, pepper, cloves, bay leaf, and water in large saucepan. Heat to boiling. Cover and reduce heat to simmer. Cook for about 30 minutes or until chicken is tender.

2. Remove chicken and vegetables from broth. Strain broth.

continued on next page
Yosemite Chicken Stew and Dumplings (continued)

3. Skim fat from broth. Measure and, if necessary, add water to make 3 cups liquid.

4. Add cornstarch to 1 cup of cooled broth and mix by shaking vigorously in jar with tight-fitting lid.

5. Pour mix into saucepan with remaining broth. Cook, stirring constantly, until liquid comes to boil and is thickened.

6. Add basil, peas, and reserved vegetables to sauce. Stir to combine.

7. Add chicken and heat slowly to boiling while preparing cornmeal dumplings.

To prepare dumplings:

1. Put cornmeal, flour, baking powder, and salt into large mixing bowl.

2. Mix milk and oil. Add milk mixture all at once to dry ingredients. Stir just enough to moisten flour and evenly distribute liquid. Dough will be soft.

3. Drop by full tablespoons on top of stew. Cover saucepan tightly. Heat to boiling. Reduce heat to simmering, and steam for about 20 minutes. Do not lift cover.
Autumn Turkey-Stuffed Cabbage

1 head cabbage  
1/2 lb lean ground beef  
1/2 lb ground turkey  
2 small onions, one minced, one sliced  
1 slice stale whole wheat bread, crumbled  
1/4 C water  
1/8 tsp black pepper  
1 can (16 oz) diced tomatoes  
1 C water  
1 medium carrot, sliced  
1 Tbsp lemon juice  
2 Tbsp brown sugar  
1 Tbsp cornstarch

1. Rinse and core cabbage. Carefully remove 10 outer leaves and place in saucepan. Cover with boiling water and simmer for 5 minutes. Remove cooked cabbage leaves and drain on paper towel.

2. Shred 1/2 cup of raw cabbage and set aside.


4. Place cooked and drained meat mixture, bread crumbs, water, and pepper in mixing bowl.

This dish cuts the fat by mixing turkey and lean beef.

Yield: 5 servings  
Serving size: 2 rolls  
Each serving provides:  
Calories: 235  
Total fat: 9 g  
Saturated fat: 3 g  
Cholesterol: 56 mg  
Sodium: 235 mg  
Total fiber: 3 g  
Protein: 20 g  
Carbohydrates: 18 g  
Potassium: 545 mg

continued on next page
5. Drain tomatoes, reserving liquid, and add 1/2 cup tomato juice from can to meat mixture. Mix well. Place 1/4 cup of filling on each parboiled, drained cabbage leaf. Fold. Place folded side down in skillet.

6. Add tomatoes, sliced onion, water, shredded cabbage, and carrot. Cover and simmer for about 1 hour or until cabbage is tender, basting occasionally.

7. Remove cabbage rolls to serving platter, keep warm.

8. Mix lemon juice, brown sugar, and cornstarch together in small bowl. Add to vegetables and liquid in skillet and cook, stirring occasionally, until thickened and clear. Serve over cabbage rolls.
Spaghetti With Turkey Meat Sauce

1 lb ground turkey, lean
1 can (28 oz) tomatoes, cut up
1 C green pepper, finely chopped
1 C onion, finely chopped
2 cloves garlic, minced
1 tsp dried oregano, crushed
1 tsp black pepper
1 lb spaghetti, uncooked
as needed nonstick cooking spray

2. Add turkey and cook, stirring occasionally, for 5 minutes. Drain and discard fat.
3. Stir in tomatoes with juice, green pepper, onion, garlic, oregano, and black pepper. Bring to boil. Reduce heat and simmer covered for 15 minutes, stirring occasionally. Remove cover and simmer for added 15 minutes. (For creamier sauce, give sauce a whirl in blender or food processor.)
5. Serve sauce over spaghetti.

Yield: 6 servings
Serving size:
5 oz of sauce with 9 oz of cooked spaghetti
Each serving provides:
Calories: 455
Total fat: 6 g
Saturated fat: 1 g
Cholesterol: 51 mg
Sodium: 248 mg
Total fiber: 5 g
Protein: 28 g
Carbohydrates: 71 g
Potassium: 593 mg
Turkey Meat Loaf

1 lb lean turkey, ground
1/2 C regular oats, dry
1 large egg
1 Tbsp onion, dehydrated
1/4 C catsup

1. Combine all ingredients and mix well.
2. Bake in loaf pan at 350 °F or to internal temperature of 165 °F for 25 minutes.
3. Cut into five slices and serve.

Here’s a healthier version of an old diner favorite.

Yield: 5 servings
Serving size: 1 slice (3 oz)
Each serving yields:
- Calories: 192
- Total fat: 7 g
- Saturated fat: 2 g
- Cholesterol: 103 mg
- Sodium: 214 mg
- Total fiber: 1 g
- Protein: 21 g
- Carbohydrates: 23 g
- Potassium: 292 mg
Baked Salmon Dijon

1 C fat free sour cream
2 tsp dried dill
3 Tbsp scallions, finely chopped
2 Tbsp Dijon mustard
2 Tbsp lemon juice
1 1/2 lb salmon fillet with skin, cut in center
1/2 tsp garlic powder
1/2 tsp black pepper
as needed fat free cooking spray

1. Whisk sour cream, dill, onion, mustard, and lemon juice in small bowl to blend.

2. Preheat oven to 400 °F. Lightly oil baking sheet with cooking spray.

3. Place salmon, skin side down, on prepared sheet. Sprinkle with garlic powder and pepper, then spread with the sauce.

4. Bake salmon until just opaque in center, about 20 minutes.

Yield: 6 servings
Serving size:
1 piece (4 oz)
Each serving provides:
Calories: 196
Total fat: 7 g
Saturated fat: 2 g
Cholesterol: 76 mg
Sodium: 229 mg
Total fiber: less than 1 g
Protein: 27 g
Carbohydrates: 5 g
Potassium: 703 mg
Baked Trout

2 lb trout fillet, cut into 6 pieces
Any kind of fish can be used.

3 Tbsp lime juice (about 2 limes)
1 medium tomato, chopped
1/2 medium onion, chopped
3 Tbsp cilantro, chopped
1/2 tsp olive oil
1/4 tsp black pepper
1/4 tsp salt
1/4 tsp red pepper (optional)

1. Preheat oven to 350 °F.
2. Rinse fish and pat dry. Place in baking dish.
3. In separate dish, mix remaining ingredients together and pour over fish.
4. Bake for 15–20 minutes or until fork-tender.

You’ll reel them in with this nutritious delicious dish.

Yield: 6 servings
Serving size: 1 piece
Each serving provides:
Calories: 236
Total fat: 9 g
Saturated fat: 3 g
Cholesterol: 104 mg
Sodium: 197 mg
Total fiber: less than 1 g
Protein: 34 g
Carbohydrates: 2 g
Potassium: 865 mg
Catfish Stew and Rice

2 medium potatoes
1 can (14 1/2 oz) tomatoes, cut up*
1 C onion, chopped
1 C (8-oz bottle) clam juice or water
1 C water
2 cloves garlic, minced
1/2 head cabbage, coarsely chopped
1 lb catfish fillets
as needed green onion, sliced
1 1/2 Tbsp Chili and Spice Seasoning (see page 138)
2 C cooked rice (white or brown)

* Reduce the sodium by using low or no added sodium canned tomatoes.

1. Peel potatoes and cut into quarters.
2. In large pot, combine potatoes, tomatoes and their juice, onion, clam juice, water, and garlic. Bring to boil and reduce heat. Cook covered over medium-low heat for 10 minutes.
3. Add cabbage and return to boil. Reduce heat. Cook covered over medium-low heat for 5 minutes, stirring occasionally.
4. Meanwhile, cut fillets into 2-inch lengths. Coat with Chili and Spice Seasoning.
5. Add fish to vegetables. Reduce heat and simmer covered for 5 minutes or until fish flakes easily with fork.

Yield: 4 servings
Serving size: 1 cup of stew with 1/2 cup of rice
Each serving provides:
Calories: 363
Total fat: 8 g
Saturated fat: 2 g
Cholesterol: 87 mg
Sodium: 355 mg
Total fiber: 4 g
Protein: 28 g
Carbohydrates: 44 g
Potassium: 1,079 mg
# Fish Veronique

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 lb white fish</td>
<td></td>
<td>(such as cod, sole, or turbot)</td>
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<tr>
<td>1/4 tsp salt</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>1/8 tsp black pepper</td>
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<tr>
<td>1/4 C dry white wine</td>
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<tr>
<td>1/4 C chicken stock</td>
<td></td>
<td>or broth, skim fat from top</td>
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<tr>
<td>1 Tbsp lemon juice</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>1 Tbsp soft margarine</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>2 Tbsp flour</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>3/4 C lowfat or skim milk</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>1/2 C seedless grapes</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>as needed nonstick cooking spray</td>
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1. Spray 10- by 6-inch baking dish with nonstick spray. Place fish in pan and sprinkle with salt and pepper.

2. Mix wine, stock, and lemon juice in small bowl and pour over fish.

3. Cover and bake at 350 °F for 15 minutes.


5. Remove fish from oven, and pour liquid from baking dish into "cream" sauce, stirring until blended. Pour sauce over fish and sprinkle with grapes.

6. Broil about 4 inches from heat for 5 minutes or until sauce starts to brown.

Yield: 4 servings  
Serving size: 1 fillet with sauce  
Each serving provides:  
Calories: 166  
Total fat: 2 g  
Saturated fat: 1 g  
Cholesterol: 61 mg  
Sodium: 343 mg  
Total fiber: less than 1 g  
Protein: 24 g  
Carbohydrates: 9 g  
Potassium: 453 mg

Here's a trick to treat the taste buds: Remove the fat from the chicken broth and add lowfat milk to get a healthy sauce that tastes rich and looks creamy.
Mediterranean Baked Fish

1 lb fish fillets (sole, flounder, or sea perch)
2 tsp olive oil
1 large onion, sliced
1 can (16 oz) whole tomatoes, drained (reserve juice), coarsely chopped
1/2 C tomato juice (reserved from canned tomatoes)
1 bay leaf
1 clove garlic, minced
1 C dry white wine
1/4 C lemon juice
1/4 C orange juice
1 Tbsp fresh orange peel, grated
1 tsp fennel seeds, crushed
1/2 tsp dried oregano, crushed
1/2 tsp dried thyme, crushed
1/2 tsp dried basil, crushed
to taste black pepper

1. Heat oil in large nonstick skillet. Add onion and sauté over moderate heat for 5 minutes or until soft.
2. Add all remaining ingredients except fish. Stir well and simmer uncovered for 30 minutes.
3. Arrange fish in 10- by 6-inch baking dish. Cover with sauce. Bake uncovered at 375 °F for about 15 minutes or until fish flakes easily.

Yield: 4 servings
Serving size: 4-oz fillet with sauce
Each serving provides:
Calories: 178
Total fat: 4 g
Saturated fat: 1 g
Cholesterol: 56 mg
Sodium: 260 mg
Total fiber: 3 g
Protein: 22 g
Carbohydrates: 12 g
Potassium: 678 mg

Taste the Mediterranean in this dish’s tomato, onion, and garlic sauce.
**Mouth-Watering Oven-Fried Fish**

2 lb fish fillets  
1 Tbsp lemon juice, fresh  
1/4 C skim milk or 1% buttermilk  
2 drops hot pepper sauce  
1 tsp fresh garlic, minced  
1/4 tsp white pepper, ground  
1/4 tsp salt  
1/4 tsp onion powder  
1/2 C cornflakes, crumbled, or regular bread crumbs  
1 Tbsp vegetable oil  
1 fresh lemon, cut in wedges

1. Preheat oven to 475 °F.  
2. Wipe fillets with lemon juice and pat dry.  
3. Combine milk, hot pepper sauce, and garlic.  
4. Combine pepper, salt, and onion powder with cornflake crumbs and place on plate.  
5. Let fillets sit briefly in milk. Remove and coat fillets on both sides with seasoned crumbs. Let stand briefly until coating sticks to each side of fish.  
6. Arrange on lightly oiled shallow baking dish.  
7. Bake for 20 minutes on middle rack without turning.  

---

This heart healthy dish can be made with many kinds of fish—to be enjoyed over and over.

**Yield:** 6 servings  
**Serving size:** 1 cut piece  
**Each serving provides:**  
- Calories: 183  
- Total fat: 2 g  
- Saturated fat: less than 1 g  
- Cholesterol: 80 mg  
- Sodium: 325 mg  
- Total fiber: 1 g  
- Protein: 30 g  
- Carbohydrates: 10 g  
- Potassium: 453 mg
Scallop Kabobs

3 medium green peppers, cut into 11/2-inch squares
1 1/2 lb fresh bay scallops
1 pt cherry tomatoes
1/4 C dry white wine
1/4 C vegetable oil
3 Tbsp lemon juice
dash garlic powder
to taste black pepper
4 skewers

1. Parboil green peppers for 2 minutes.
2. Alternately thread first three ingredients on skewers.
3. Combine next five ingredients.
4. Brush kabobs with wine/oil/lemon mixture, then place on grill (or under broiler).
5. Grill for 15 minutes, turning and basting frequently.

These colorful kabobs use scallops, which are naturally low in saturated fat.

Yield: 4 servings
Serving size: 1 kabob (6 oz)
Each serving provides:
Calories: 224
Total fat: 6 g
Saturated fat: 1 g
Cholesterol: 43 mg
Sodium: 355 mg
Total fiber: 3 g
Protein: 30 g
Carbohydrates: 13 g
Potassium: 993 mg
Spicy Baked Fish

1 lb cod (or other fish) fillet
1 Tbsp olive oil
1 tsp commercial spicy seasoning, salt free, or Hot 'N Spicy Seasoning mix (see recipe, page 140)
as needed nonstick cooking spray

1. Preheat oven to 350 °F. Spray casserole dish with nonstick cooking oil spray.
2. Wash and dry fish. Place in dish. Drizzle with oil and seasoning mixture.
3. Bake uncovered for 15 minutes or until fish flakes with fork. Cut into 4 pieces. Serve with rice.

Yields: 4 servings
Serving size: 1 piece (3 oz)
Each serving provides:
- Calories: 134
- Total fat: 5 g
- Saturated fat: 1 g
- Cholesterol: 60 mg
- Sodium: 93 mg
- Total fiber: 0 g
- Protein: 21 g
- Carbohydrates: less than 1 g
- Potassium: 309 mg
Spinach-Stuffed Sole

Heart healthy doesn’t have to mean plain cooking, as this special dish shows.

Yield: 4 servings
Serving size: 1 fillet roll
Each serving provides:
Calories: 273
Total fat: 9 g
Saturated fat: 4 g
Cholesterol: 95 mg
Sodium: 163 mg
Total fiber: 2 g
Protein: 39 g
Carbohydrates: 6 g
Potassium: 880 mg

1 tsp olive oil
1/2 lb fresh mushrooms, sliced
1/2 lb fresh spinach, chopped
1/4 tsp oregano leaves, crushed
1 clove garlic, minced
1 1/2 lb sole fillets or other white fish
2 Tbsp sherry
4 oz (1 C) part-skim mozzarella cheese, grated
as needed nonstick cooking spray

1. Preheat oven to 400 °F.
2. Coat 10- by 6-inch baking dish with nonstick cooking spray.
3. Heat oil in skillet and sauté mushrooms for about 3 minutes or until tender.
4. Add spinach and continue cooking for about 1 minute or until spinach is barely wilted. Remove from heat and drain liquid into prepared baking dish.
5. Add oregano and garlic to drained sautéed vegetables. Stir to mix ingredients.
6. Divide vegetable mixture evenly among fillets and place in center of each.
7. Roll each fillet around mixture and place seam-side down in prepared baking dish.
8. Sprinkle with sherry, then grated mozzarella cheese. Bake for 15–20 minutes or until fish flakes easily. Lift out with slotted spoon.
**Tuna Salad**

2 can (6 oz each) tuna, water pack

1/2 C raw celery, chopped

1/3 C green onions, chopped

6 1/2 Tbsp mayonnaise, reduced fat

1. Rinse and drain tuna for 5 minutes. Break apart with fork.

2. Add celery, onion, and mayonnaise, and mix well.

**Makes: 5 servings**

**Serving size:** 1/2 cup

**Each serving provides:**

- Calories: 146
- Total fat: 7 g
- Saturated fat: 1 g
- Cholesterol: 25 mg
- Sodium: 158 mg
- Total fiber: 1 g
- Protein: 16 g
- Carbohydrates: 4 g
- Potassium: 201 mg

Perfect for a healthy lunchtime salad plate or sandwich.
Chillin’ Out Pasta Salad

- 2 1/2 C (8 oz) medium shell pasta
- 1 C (8 oz) plain nonfat yogurt
- 2 Tbsp spicy brown mustard
- 2 Tbsp salt free herb seasoning
- 1 1/2 C celery, chopped
- 1 C green onion, sliced
- 1 lb small shrimp, cooked
- 3 C (about 3 large) tomatoes, coarsely chopped

1. Cook pasta according to directions—but do not add salt to water. Drain and cool.
2. In large bowl, stir together yogurt, mustard, and herb seasoning.
3. Add pasta, celery, and green onion, and mix well. Chill for at least 2 hours.
4. Just before serving, carefully stir in shrimp and tomatoes.

Cook up this taste feast and set the table for a new family favorite.

Servings: 12
Serving size: 1/2 cup
Each serving yields:
- Calories: 140
- Total fat: 1 g
- Saturated fat: less than 1 g
- Cholesterol: 60 mg
- Sodium: 135 mg
- Total fiber: 1 g
- Protein: 14 g
- Carbohydrates: 19 g
- Potassium: 295 mg
Classic Macaroni and Cheese

This recipe proves you don’t have to give up your favorite dishes to eat heart healthy meals. Here’s a lower fat version of a true classic.

Ingredients:
- 2 C macaroni
- 1/2 C onions, chopped
- 1/2 C evaporated skim milk
- 1 medium egg, beaten
- 1/4 tsp black pepper
- 1 1/4 C (4 oz) lowfat sharp cheddar cheese, finely shredded
- as needed nonstick cooking spray

Instructions:
1. Cook macaroni according to directions—but do not add salt to the cooking water. Drain and set aside.
2. Spray casserole dish with nonstick cooking spray.
3. Preheat oven to 350 °F.
4. Lightly spray saucepan with nonstick cooking spray. Add onions to saucepan and sauté for about 3 minutes.
5. In another bowl, combine macaroni, onions, and rest of the ingredients, and mix thoroughly.
6. Transfer mixture into casserole dish.
7. Bake for 25 minutes or until bubbly. Let stand for 10 minutes before serving.

Servings: 8
Serving size: 1/2 cup
Each serving provides:
- Calories: 200
- Total fat: 4 g
- Saturated fat: 2 g
- Cholesterol: 34 mg
- Sodium: 120 mg
- Total fiber: 1 g
- Protein: 11 g
- Carbohydrates: 29 g
- Potassium: 119 mg
Red Hot Fusilli

1 Tbsp olive oil
2 cloves garlic, minced
1/4 C fresh parsley, minced
4 C ripe tomatoes, chopped
1 Tbsp fresh basil, chopped (or 1 tsp dried)
1 Tbsp oregano leaves, crushed (or 1 tsp dried)
1/4 tsp salt
to taste ground red pepper or cayenne
8 oz uncooked fusilli pasta (4 C cooked)
1/2 lb (optional) cooked chicken breasts, diced into 1/2-inch pieces (3/4 lb if raw)


2. Add tomatoes and spices. Cook uncovered over low heat for 15 minutes or until thickened, stirring frequently. If desired, add chicken and continue cooking for 15 minutes until chicken is heated through and sauce is thick.

3. Cook pasta in unsalted water until firm.

4. To serve, spoon sauce over pasta and sprinkle with coarsely chopped parsley. Serve hot as a main dish and cold for next day's lunch.

Yield: 4 servings
Serving Size: 1 cup
Each serving provides:
Calories: 293
Total fat: 5 g
Saturated fat: 1 g
Cholesterol: 0 mg
Sodium: 168 mg
Total fiber: 4 g
Protein: 9 g
Carbohydrates: 54 g
Potassium: 489 mg

Each serving with chicken provides:
Calories: 391
Total fat: 8 g
Saturated fat: 1 g
Cholesterol: 48 mg
Sodium: 211 mg
Total fiber: 4 g
Protein: 27 g
Carbohydrates: 54 g
Potassium: 629 mg

This lively dish is low in saturated fat and free of cholesterol.
Sweet and Sour Seashells

1 lb uncooked small seashell pasta
(9 C cooked)
2 Tbsp vegetable oil
3/4 C sugar
1/2 C cider vinegar
1/2 C wine vinegar
1/2 C water
3 Tbsp prepared mustard
to taste black pepper
1 jar (2 oz) sliced pimentos
2 small cucumbers
2 small onions, thinly sliced
18 leaves lettuce

1. Cook pasta in unsalted water, drain, rinse with cold water, and drain again. Stir in oil.

2. Transfer to 4-quart bowl. In blender, place sugar, vinegars, water, prepared mustard, salt, pepper, and pimento. Process at low speed for 15–20 seconds, or just enough so flecks of pimento can be seen. Pour over pasta.

3. Score cucumber peel with fork tines. Cut cucumber in half lengthwise, then slice thinly. Add to pasta with onion slices. Toss well.


5. Drain, and serve on lettuce.

Drain the marinade before serving this dish in order to lower the fat and sodium—but keep all the great taste.

Yield: 18 servings
Serving Size: 1/2 cup
Each serving provides:
Calories: 158
Total fat: 2 g
Saturated fat: less than 1 g
Cholesterol: 0 mg
Sodium: 35 mg
Total fiber: 2 g
Protein: 4 g
Carbohydrates: 31 g
Potassium: 150 mg
Black Beans With Rice

1 lb  black beans, dry
7 C  water
1  medium green pepper, coarsely chopped
1 1/2 C  onion, chopped
1 Tbsp  vegetable oil
2  bay leaves
1 clove  garlic, minced
1/2 tsp  salt
1 Tbsp  vinegar (or lemon juice)
6 C  rice, cooked in unsalted water
1 jar  (4 oz) sliced pimento, drained
1  lemon, cut into wedges

1. Pick through beans to remove bad ones. Soak beans overnight in cold water. Drain and rinse.

2. In large soup pot or Dutch oven, stir together beans, water, green pepper, onion, oil, bay leaves, garlic, and salt. Cover and boil for 1 hour.

3. Reduce heat and simmer, covered, for 3–4 hours or until beans are very tender. Stir occasionally, and add water if needed.

4. Remove and mash about a third of beans. Return to pot. Stir and heat through.

5. When ready to serve, remove bay leaves and stir in vinegar or lemon juice.


A delicious Caribbean favorite that’s made with very little added fat.

Yield: 6 servings
Serving size: 8 oz
Each serving provides:
Calories: 508
Total fat: 4 g
Saturated fat: 1 g
Cholesterol: 0 mg
Sodium: 206 mg
Total fiber: 14 g
Protein: 21 g
Carbohydrates: 98 g
Potassium: 852 mg
Caribbean Pink Beans

1 lb pink beans
10 C water
2 medium plantains, finely chopped
1 large tomato, finely chopped
1 small red pepper, finely chopped
1 medium white onion, finely chopped
3 cloves garlic, finely chopped
1 1/2 tsp salt

1. Rinse and pick through beans. Put beans in large pot and add 10 cups of water. Place pot in refrigerator and allow beans to soak overnight.

2. Cook beans until soft. Add more water, as needed, while beans are cooking.

3. Add plantains, tomato, pepper, onion, garlic, and salt. Continue cooking at low heat until plantains are soft.

Yield: 16 servings
Serving size: 1/2 cup
Each serving provides:
- Calories: 133
- Total fat: less than 1 g
- Saturated fat: less than 1 g
- Cholesterol: 0 mg
- Sodium: 205 mg
- Total fiber: 5 g
- Protein: 6 g
- Carbohydrates: 28 g
- Potassium: 495 mg

This dish stays healthy by using beans prepared without lard or other fat.

SERVING TIP
Try it with rice.
New Orleans Red Beans

1 lb  dry red beans
2 qt  water
1 1/2 C onion, chopped
1 C  celery, chopped
4  bay leaves
1 C  green peppers, chopped
3 Tbsp garlic, chopped
3 Tbsp parsley, chopped
2 tsp dried thyme, crushed
1 tsp salt
1 tsp black pepper

1. Pick through beans to remove bad ones. Rinse beans rinse thoroughly.

2. In large pot, combine beans, water, onion, celery, and bay leaves. Bring to boil. Reduce heat, cover, and cook over low heat for about 1 1/2 hours or until beans are tender. Stir. Mash beans against side of pan.

3. Add green pepper, garlic, parsley, thyme, salt, and black pepper. Cook uncovered over low heat until creamy, about 30 minutes. Remove bay leaves.

4. Serve with hot cooked brown rice, if desired.

Yield: 8 servings
Serving size: 1 1/4 cup
Each serving provides:
Calories: 171
Total fat: less than 1 g
Saturated fat: less than 1 g
Cholesterol: 0 mg
Sodium: 285 mg
Total fiber: 7 g
Protein: 10 g
Carbohydrates: 32 g
Potassium: 665 mg
**Summer Vegetable Spaghetti**

2 C small yellow onions, cut in eighths
2 C (about 1 lb) ripe tomatoes, peeled, chopped
2 C (about 1 lb) yellow and green squash, thinly sliced
1 1/2 C (about 1/2 lb) fresh green beans, cut
2/3 C water
2 Tbsp fresh parsley, minced
1 clove garlic, minced
1/2 tsp chili powder
1/4 tsp salt
to taste black pepper
1 can (6 oz) tomato paste
1 lb spaghetti, uncooked
1/2 C Parmesan cheese, grated

1. Combine first 10 ingredients in large saucepan. Cook for 10 minutes, then stir in tomato paste. Cover and cook gently for 15 minutes, stirring occasionally, until vegetables are tender.

2. Cook spaghetti in unsalted water according to package directions.

3. Spoon sauce over drained hot spaghetti. Sprinkle Parmesan cheese on top.

Yield: 9 servings
Serving size: 1 cup of spaghetti and 3/4 cup of sauce with vegetables
Each serving provides:
Calories: 271
Total fat: 3 g
Saturated fat: 1 g
Cholesterol: 4 mg
Sodium: 328 mg
Total fiber: 5 g
Protein: 11 g
Carbohydrates: 51 g
Potassium: 436 mg

This lively vegetarian pasta dish is delicious hot or cold.
Vegetarian Spaghetti Sauce

2 Tbsp olive oil
2 small onions, chopped
3 cloves garlic, chopped
1 1/4 C zucchini, sliced
1 Tbsp oregano, dried
1 Tbsp basil, dried
1 can (8 oz) tomato sauce
1 can (6 oz) tomato paste*
2 medium tomatoes, chopped
1 C water

*Reduce sodium by using 6-oz can of no salt added tomato paste. New sodium content for each serving is 260 mg.

1. In medium skillet, heat oil. Sauté onions, garlic, and zucchini in oil for 5 minutes on medium heat.
2. Add remaining ingredients and simmer, covered, for 45 minutes. Serve over spaghetti.

Simple and simply delicious—here’s a healthy sauce to serve with spaghetti or other pasta.

Yield: 6 servings
Serving size: 3/4 cup
Each serving provides:
Calories: 102
Total fat: 5 g
Saturated fat: 1 g
Cholesterol: 0 mg
Sodium: 459 mg
Total fiber: 5 g
Protein: 3 g
Carbohydrates: 14 g
Potassium: 623 mg
Zucchini Lasagna

1/2 lb lasagna noodles, cooked in unsalted water
3/4 C part-skim mozzarella cheese, grated
1 1/2 C fat free cottage cheese*
1/4 C Parmesan cheese, grated
1 1/2 C raw zucchini, sliced
2 1/2 C no salt added tomato sauce
2 tsp basil, dried
2 tsp oregano, dried
1/4 C onion, chopped
1 clove garlic
1/8 tsp black pepper

*Use unsalted cottage cheese to reduce the sodium content. New sodium content for each serving is 196 mg.

1. Preheat oven to 350 °F. Lightly spray 9- by 13-inch baking dish with vegetable oil spray.
2. In small bowl, combine 1/8 cup mozzarella and 1 tablespoon Parmesan cheese. Set aside.
3. In medium bowl, combine remaining mozzarella and Parmesan cheese with all of the cottage cheese. Mix well and set aside.
4. Combine tomato sauce with remaining ingredients. Spread thin layer of tomato sauce in bottom of baking dish. Add a third of noodles in single layer. Spread half of cottage cheese mixture on top. Add layer of zucchini.
5. Repeat layering. Add thin coating of sauce. Top with noodles, sauce, and reserved cheese mixture. Cover with aluminum foil.

Yield: 6 servings
Serving size: 1 piece
Each serving provides:
- Calories: 276
- Total fat: 5 g
- Saturated fat: 2 g
- Cholesterol: 11 mg
- Sodium: 380 mg
- Total fiber: 5 g
- Protein: 19 g
- Carbohydrates: 41 g
- Potassium: 561 mg
# Fresh Cabbage and Tomato Salad

1 head small cabbage, sliced thinly
2 medium tomatoes, cut in cubes
1 C radishes, sliced
1/4 tsp salt
2 tsp olive oil
2 Tbsp rice vinegar (or lemon juice)
1/2 tsp black pepper
1/2 tsp red pepper
2 Tbsp fresh cilantro, chopped

1. In large bowl, mix together cabbage, tomatoes, and radishes.
2. In another bowl, mix together the rest of the ingredients and pour over vegetables.

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**Yield:** 8 servings  
**Serving size:** 1 cup  
**Each serving provides:**  
- Calories: 43  
- Total fat: 1 g  
- Saturated fat: less than 1 g  
- Cholesterol: 0 mg  
- Sodium: 88 mg  
- Total fiber: 3 g  
- Protein: 2 g  
- Carbohydrates: 7 g  
- Potassium: 331 mg
Green Beans Sauté

1 lb  fresh or frozen green beans, cut in 1-inch pieces
1 Tbsp  vegetable oil
1  large yellow onion, halved lengthwise, thinly sliced
1/2 tsp  salt
1/8 tsp  black pepper
1 Tbsp  fresh parsley, minced

1. If using fresh green beans, cook in boiling water for 10–12 minutes or steam for 2–3 minutes until barely fork tender. Drain well. If using frozen green beans, thaw first.
4. Before serving, toss with parsley.

In this dish, green beans and onions are lightly sautéed in just 1 tablespoon of oil.

Yield: 4 servings
Serving Size: 1/4 cup
Each serving provides:
Calories: 64
Total fat: 4 g
Saturated fat: less than 1 g
Cholesterol: 0 mg
Sodium: 282 mg
Total fiber: 3 g
Protein: 2 g
Carbohydrates: 8 g
Potassium: 161 mg
Italian Vegetable Bake

1 can (28 oz) tomatoes, whole
1 medium onion, sliced
1/2 lb fresh green beans, sliced
1/2 lb fresh okra, cut into 1/2-inch pieces (or 1/2 of 10-oz package frozen, cut)
3/4 C green pepper, finely chopped
2 Tbsp lemon juice
1 Tbsp fresh basil, chopped, or 1 tsp dried basil, crushed
11/2 tsp fresh oregano leaves, chopped (or 1/2 tsp dried oregano, crushed)
3 medium (7-inch-long) zucchini, cut into 1-inch cubes
1 medium eggplant, pared, cut into 1-inch cubes
2 Tbsp Parmesan cheese, grated

1. Drain and coarsely chop tomatoes. Save liquid. Mix together tomatoes, reserved liquid, onion, green beans, okra, green pepper, lemon juice, and herbs. Cover and bake at 325 °F for 15 minutes.

2. Mix in zucchini and eggplant. Continue baking, covered, 60–70 minutes more or until vegetables are tender. Stir occasionally.

3. Just before serving, sprinkle top with Parmesan cheese.

Yield: 18 servings
Serving Size: 1/2 cup
Each serving provides:
Calories: 27
Total fat: less than 1 g
Saturated fat: less than 1 g
Cholesterol: 1 mg
Sodium: 86 mg
Total fiber: 2 g
Protein: 2 g
Carbohydrates: 5 g
Potassium: 244 mg
Limas and Spinach

2 C frozen lima beans
1 Tbsp vegetable oil
1 C fennel, cut in 4-oz strips
1/2 C onion, chopped
1/4 C low-sodium chicken broth
4 C leaf spinach, washed thoroughly
1 Tbsp distilled vinegar
1/8 tsp black pepper
1 Tbsp raw chives

1. Steam or boil lima beans in unsalted water for about 10 minutes. Drain.
2. In skillet, sauté onions and fennel in oil.
3. Add beans and stock to onions and cover. Cook for 2 minutes.
4. Stir in spinach. Cover and cook until spinach has wilted, about 2 minutes.
5. Stir in vinegar and pepper. Cover and let stand for 30 seconds.
6. Sprinkle with chives and serve.

Yield: Makes 7 servings
Serving size: 1/2 cup
Each serving provides:
Calories: 93
Total fat: 2 g
Saturated fat: less than 1 g
Cholesterol: 0 mg
Sodium: 84 mg
Total fiber: 6 g
Protein: 5 g
Carbohydrates: 15 g
Potassium: 452 mg
# Smothered Greens

3 C water  
1/4 lb smoked turkey breast, skinless  
1 Tbsp fresh hot pepper, chopped  
1/4 tsp cayenne pepper  
1/4 tsp cloves, ground  
2 cloves garlic, crushed  
1/2 tsp thyme  
1 stalk scallion, chopped  
1 tsp ginger, ground  
1/4 C onion, chopped  
2 lb greens (mustard, turnip, collard, kale, or mixture)

1. Place all ingredients except greens into large saucepan and bring to boil.
2. Prepare greens by washing thoroughly and removing stems.
3. Tear or slice leaves into bite-size pieces.
4. Add greens to turkey stock. Cook for 20–30 minutes until tender.

Yield: 5 servings  
Serving size: 1 cup  
Each serving provides:  
Calories: 80  
Total fat: 2 g  
Saturated fat: less than 1 g  
Cholesterol: 16 mg  
Sodium: 378 mg  
Total fiber: 4 g  
Protein: 9 g  
Carbohydrates: 9 g  
Potassium: 472 mg
Vegetable Stew

3 C water
1 cube vegetable bouillon, low sodium
2 C white potatoes, cut in 2-inch strips
2 C carrots, sliced
4 C summer squash, cut in 1-inch squares
1 C summer squash, cut in 4 chunks
1 can (15 oz) sweet corn, rinsed, drained (or 2 ears fresh corn, 1 1/2 C)
1 tsp thyme
2 cloves garlic, minced
1 stalk scallion, chopped
1/2 small hot pepper, chopped
1 C onion, coarsely chopped
1 C tomatoes, diced (add other favorite vegetables, such as broccoli and cauliflower)

1. Put water and bouillon in large pot and bring to a boil.
2. Add potatoes and carrots, and simmer for 5 minutes.
3. Add remaining ingredients, except for tomatoes, and continue cooking for 15 minutes over medium heat.
4. Remove four chunks of squash and puree in blender.
5. Return pureed mixture to pot and let cook for 10 minutes more.
6. Add tomatoes and cook for another 5 minutes.
7. Remove from flame and let sit for 10 minutes to allow stew to thicken.

Yield: Makes 8 servings
Serving size: 1 1/4 cups
Each serving provides:
- Calories: 119
- Total fat: 1 g
- Saturated fat: less than 1 g
- Cholesterol: 0 mg
- Sodium: 196 mg
- Total fiber: 4 g
- Protein: 4 g
- Carbohydrates: 27 g
- Potassium: 524 mg
Vegetables With a Touch of Lemon

1/2 head small cauliflower, cut into florets
2 C broccoli, cut into florets
2 Tbsp lemon juice
1 Tbsp olive oil
1 clove garlic, minced
2 tsp fresh parsley, chopped

1. Steam broccoli and cauliflower until tender (about 10 minutes).
2. In small saucepan, mix the lemon juice, oil, and garlic, and cook over low heat for 2 or 3 minutes.

This heart healthy sauce uses lemon juice and herbs for a tangy taste.

Yield: 6 servings
Serving size: 1/2 cup
Each serving provides:
Calories: 22
Total fat: 2 g
Saturated fat: less than 1 g
Cholesterol: 0 mg
Sodium: 7 mg
Total fiber: 1 g
Protein: 1 g
Carbohydrates: 2 g
Potassium: 49 mg
### Candied Yams

| 3      | (1 1/2 C) medium yams |
| 1/4 C  | brown sugar, packed   |
| 1 tsp  | flour, sifted         |
| 1/4 tsp| salt                  |
| 1/4 tsp| ground cinnamon       |
| 1/4 tsp| ground nutmeg         |
| 1/4 tsp| orange peel           |
| 1 tsp  | soft tub margarine    |
| 1/2 C  | orange juice          |

1. Cut yams in half and boil until tender but firm (about 20 minutes). When cool enough to handle, peel and slice into 1/4-inch thickness.
2. Combine sugar, flour, salt, cinnamon, nutmeg, and grated orange peel.
3. Place half of sliced yams in medium-size casserole dish. Sprinkle with spiced sugar mixture.
4. Dot with half the amount of margarine.
5. Add second layer of yams, using the rest of the ingredients in the same order as above. Add orange juice.
6. Bake uncovered for 20 minutes in oven that was preheated to 350 °F.

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**Yield:** 6 servings  
**Serving size:** 1/4 cup  
**Each serving provides:**  
- Calories: 110  
- Total fat: less than 1 g  
- Saturated fat: less than 1 g  
- Cholesterol: 0 mg  
- Sodium: 115 mg  
- Total fiber: 2 g  
- Protein: 1 g  
- Carbohydrates: 25 g  
- Potassium: 344 mg
Delicious Oven French Fries

Yield: 5 servings
Serving size: 1 cup
Each serving provides:
- Calories: 238
- Total fat: 4 g
- Saturated fat: 1 g
- Cholesterol: 0 mg
- Sodium: 163 mg
- Total fiber: 5 g
- Protein: 5 g
- Carbohydrates: 48 g
- Potassium: 796 mg

4 (2 lb) large potatoes
8 C ice water
1 tsp garlic powder
1 tsp onion powder
1/4 tsp salt
1 tsp white pepper
1/4 tsp allspice
1 tsp hot pepper flakes
1 Tbsp vegetable oil

1. Scrub potatoes and cut into 1/2-inch strips.
2. Place potato strips into ice water, cover, and chill for 1 hour or longer.
3. Remove potatoes and dry strips thoroughly.
4. Place garlic powder, onion powder, salt, white pepper, allspice, and pepper flakes in plastic bag.
5. Toss potatoes in spice mixture.
6. Brush potatoes with oil.
7. Place potatoes in nonstick shallow baking pan.
8. Cover with aluminum foil and place in 475 °F oven for 15 minutes.
9. Remove foil and continue baking uncovered for additional 15–20 minutes or until golden brown. Turn fries occasionally to brown on all sides.
Garden Potato Salad

6 (about 3 lb) large potatoes, boiled in jackets, peeled, cut into 4-inch cubes

1 C celery, chopped
1/2 C green onion, sliced
2 Tbsp parsley, chopped
1 C lowfat cottage cheese
3/4 C skim milk
3 Tbsp lemon juice
2 Tbsp cider vinegar
1/2 tsp celery seed
1/2 tsp dill weed
1/2 tsp dry mustard
1/2 tsp white pepper

1. In large bowl, place potatoes, celery, green onion, and parsley.

2. Meanwhile, in blender or food processor, blend cottage cheese, milk, lemon juice, vinegar, celery seed, dill weed, dry mustard, and white pepper until smooth. Chill for 1 hour.

3. Pour chilled cottage cheese mixture over vegetables and mix well. Chill at least 30 minutes before serving.

Yield: 10 servings
Serving size: 1 cup
Each serving provides:
Calories: 145
Total fat: 1 g
Saturated fat: less than 1 g
Cholesterol: 2 mg
Sodium: 122 mg
Total fiber: 3 g
Protein: 6 g
Carbohydrates: 29 g
Potassium: 543 mg
Garlic Mashed Potatoes

2 (1 lb) large potatoes, peeled, quartered
2 C skim milk
2 cloves garlic, large, chopped
1/2 tsp white pepper

To use saucepan:
1. Cook potatoes, covered, in small amount of boiling water for 20–25 minutes or until tender. Remove from heat. Drain and recover.
2. Meanwhile, in small saucepan over low heat, cook garlic in milk until soft (about 30 minutes).
3. Add milk-garlic mixture and white pepper to potatoes. Beat with electric mixer on low speed, or mash with potato masher, until smooth.

To use microwave:
1. Scrub potatoes, pat dry, and prick with fork.
2. On plate, cook potatoes uncovered on 100 percent (high) power until tender (about 12 minutes), turning over once.
3. Let stand 5 minutes, then peel and quarter.
4. Meanwhile, in 4-cup measuring glass, combine milk and garlic. Cook, uncovered, on 50 percent (medium) power until garlic is soft (about 4 minutes).
5. Continue as directed above.

Yield: 4 servings
Serving size: 3/4 cup
Each serving provides:
Calories: 142
Total fat: less than 1 g
Saturated fat: less than 1 g
Cholesterol: 2 mg
Sodium: 69 mg
Total fiber: 2 g
Protein: 6 g
Carbohydrates: 29 g
Potassium: 577 mg

Whether with saucepan or microwave, you can make this dish tasty without added fat or salt.
New Potato Salad

16 (5 C) small new potatoes
2 Tbsp olive oil
1/4 C green onions, chopped
1/4 tsp black pepper
1 tsp dill weed, dried

1. Thoroughly clean potatoes with vegetable brush and water.
2. Boil potatoes for 20 minutes or until tender.
3. Drain and cool potatoes for 20 minutes.
4. Cut potatoes into fourths and mix with olive oil, onions, and spices.
5. Refrigerate and serve.

Onions and spices give this very low-sodium dish plenty of zip.

Yield: 5 servings
Serving size: 1 cup
Each serving provides:
Calories: 187
Total fat: 6 g
Saturated fat: 1 g
Cholesterol: 0 mg
Sodium: 12 mg
Total fiber: 3 g
Protein: 3 g
Carbohydrates: 32 g
Potassium: 547 mg
Savory Potato Salad

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6 (about 2 lb) medium potatoes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 stalks</td>
<td>celery, finely chopped</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 stalks</td>
<td>scallion, finely chopped</td>
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<tr>
<td>1/4 C</td>
<td>red bell pepper, coarsely chopped</td>
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<tr>
<td>1/4 C</td>
<td>green bell pepper, coarsely chopped</td>
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<tr>
<td>1 Tbsp</td>
<td>onion, finely chopped</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>egg, hard boiled, chopped</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 Tbsp</td>
<td>light mayonnaise</td>
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<tr>
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<td>salt</td>
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<tr>
<td>1/4 tsp</td>
<td>black pepper</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/4 tsp</td>
<td>dill weed, dried</td>
<td></td>
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</table>

1. Wash potatoes, cut in half, and place in saucepan in cold water.
2. Cook covered over medium heat for 25–30 minutes or until tender.
3. Drain and dice potatoes when cool.
4. Add vegetables and egg to potatoes, and toss.
5. Blend together mayonnaise, mustard, salt, pepper, and dill weed.
6. Pour dressing over potato mixture, and stir gently to coat evenly.
7. Chill for at least 1 hour before serving.

Yield: 10 servings.
Serving size: 1/2 cup
Each serving provides:
- Calories: 98
- Total fat: 2 g
- Saturated fat: less than 1 g
- Cholesterol: 21 mg
- Sodium: 212 mg
- Total fiber: 2 g
- Protein: 2 g
- Carbohydrates: 18 g
- Potassium: 291 mg
Sweet Potato Custard

1 C  sweet potato, cooked, mashed
1/2 C  (about 2) small bananas, mashed
1 C  evaporated skim milk
2 Tbsp  brown sugar, packed
2  egg yolks (or 1/3 C egg substitute), beaten
1/2 tsp  salt
1/4 C  raisins
1 Tbsp  sugar
1 tsp  ground cinnamon
as needed  nonstick cooking spray

1. In medium bowl, stir together sweet potato and banana.
2. Add milk, blending well.
3. Add brown sugar, egg yolks, and salt, mixing thoroughly.
4. Spray 1-quart casserole with nonstick cooking spray. Transfer sweet potato mixture to casserole dish.
5. Combine raisins, sugar, and cinnamon. Sprinkle over top of sweet potato mixture.
6. Bake in preheated 325 °F oven for 40–45 minutes or until knife inserted near center comes out clean.

Yield: 6 servings
Serving size: 1/2 cup
Each serving provides:
Calories: 160
Total fat: 2 g
Saturated fat: 1 g
Cholesterol: 72 mg*
Sodium: 255 mg
Total fiber: 2 g
Protein: 5 g
Carbohydrates: 32 g
Potassium: 488 mg

*If using egg substitute, cholesterol will be lower.
Wonderful Stuffed Potatoes

4 medium baking potatoes
3/4 C lowfat (1%) cottage cheese
1/4 C lowfat (1%) milk
2 Tbsp soft margarine
1 tsp dill weed
3/4 tsp herb seasoning
4-6 drops hot pepper sauce
2 tsp Parmesan cheese, grated

1. Prick potatoes with fork. Bake at 425 °F for 60 minutes or until fork is easily inserted.

2. Cut potatoes in half lengthwise. Carefully scoop out potato, leaving about 1/2 inch of pulp inside shell. Mash pulp in large bowl.


4. Sprinkle each top with 1/4 teaspoon Parmesan cheese.

5. Place on baking sheet and return to oven. Bake for 15–20 minutes or until tops are golden brown.

Yield: 8 servings
Serving size: 1/2 potato
Each serving provides:
Calories: 113
Total fat: 3 g
Saturated fat: 1 g
Cholesterol: 1 mg
Sodium: 151 mg
Total fiber: 2 g
Protein: 5 g
Carbohydrates: 17 g
Potassium: 293 mg
Oriental Rice

1 1/2 C water
1 C chicken stock or broth, fat skimmed from top
1 1/3 C long grain white rice, uncooked
2 tsp vegetable oil
2 Tbsp onion, finely chopped
1 C celery, finely chopped
2 Tbsp green pepper, finely chopped
1/2 C pecans, chopped
1/4 tsp ground sage
1/2 C water chestnuts, sliced
1/4 tsp nutmeg
to taste black pepper

1. Bring water and stock to boil in medium-size saucepan.
2. Add rice and stir. Cover and simmer for 20 minutes.
3. Remove pan from heat. Let stand, covered, for 5 minutes or until all liquid is absorbed. Reserve.
5. Sauté onion and celery over moderate heat for 3 minutes. Stir in remaining ingredients, including reserved cooked rice. Fluff with fork before serving.

Skim off the fat from the chicken stock, use a minimum of oil, and don’t add salt—and you’ll create a dish that’s flavorful and healthy.

Yield: 10 servings
Serving size: 1/2 cup
Each serving provides:
Calories: 139
Total fat: 5 g
Saturated fat: less than 1 g
Cholesterol: 0 mg
Sodium: 86 mg
Total fiber: 1 g
Protein: 3 g
Carbohydrates: 21 g
Potassium: 124 mg
Parmesan Rice and Pasta Pilaf

110

2 Tbsp olive oil
1/2 C vermicelli, finely broken, uncooked
2 Tbsp onion, diced
1 C long grain white rice, uncooked
1 1/4 C chicken stock, hot
1 1/4 C water, hot
1/4 tsp ground white pepper
1 bay leaf
2 Tbsp Parmesan cheese, grated

1. In large skillet, heat oil. Sauté vermicelli and onion until golden brown (about 2–4 minutes) over medium-high heat. Drain off oil.


3. Sprinkle with cheese, and serve immediately.

Yield: 6 servings
Serving size: 2/3 cup
Each serving provides:
Calories: 208
Total fat: 6 g
Saturated fat: 1 g
Cholesterol: 2 mg
Sodium: 140 mg
Total fiber: 1 g
Protein: 5 g
Carbohydrates: 33 g
Potassium: 90 mg
Sunshine Rice

1 1/2 Tbsp  vegetable oil  
1 1/4 C  celery, finely chopped, with leaves  
1 1/2 C  onion, finely chopped  
1 C  water  
1/2 C  orange juice  
2 Tbsp  lemon juice  
dash  hot sauce  
1 C  long grain white rice, uncooked  
1/4 C  slivered almonds

1. Heat oil in medium saucepan. Add celery and onions, and sauté until tender (about 10 minutes).

2. Add water, juices, and hot sauce. Bring to boil. Stir in rice and bring back to boil. Let stand covered until rice is tender and liquid is absorbed.


Yield: 4 servings  
Serving size: 1/3 cup  
Each serving provides:  
Calories: 276  
Total fat: 6 g  
Saturated fat: 1 g  
Cholesterol: 0 mg  
Sodium: 52 mg  
Total fiber: 5 g  
Protein: 7 g  
Carbohydrates: 50 g  
Potassium: 406 mg
Apricot-Orange Bread

1 package (6 oz) dried apricots, cut into small pieces
2 C water
2 Tbsp margarine
1 C sugar
1 egg, slightly beaten
1 Tbsp orange peel, freshly grated
3 1/2 C all-purpose flour, sifted
1/2 C fat free dry milk powder
2 tsp baking powder
1 tsp baking soda
1 tsp salt
1/2 C orange juice
1/2 C pecans, chopped

1. Preheat oven to 350 °F. Lightly oil two, 9- by 5-inch loaf pans.
2. Cook apricots in water in covered medium-size saucepan for 10–15 minutes or until tender but not mushy. Drain and reserve 3/4 cup liquid. Set apricots aside to cool.
3. Cream together margarine and sugar. By hand, beat in egg and orange peel.
4. Sift together flour, dry milk, baking powder, soda, and salt. Add to creamed mixture alternately with reserved apricot liquid and orange juice.
5. Stir apricot pieces and pecans into batter.
6. Turn batter into prepared pans.
7. Bake for 40–45 minutes or until bread springs back when lightly touched in center.
8. Cool for 5 minutes in pans. Remove from pans and completely cool on wire rack before slicing.

This bread is low in all the right places—saturated fat, cholesterol, and sodium—without losing any taste and texture.

Yield: 2 loaves
Serving size: 1/2-inch slice
Each serving provides:
Calories: 97
Total fat: 2 g
Saturated fat: less than 1 g
Cholesterol: 6 mg
Sodium: 113 mg
Total fiber: 1 g
Protein: 2 g
Carbohydrates: 18 g
Potassium: 110 mg
Banana-Nut Bread

1 C ripe bananas, mashed
1/3 C lowfat buttermilk
1/2 C brown sugar, packed
1/4 C margarine
1 egg
2 C all-purpose flour, sifted
1 tsp baking powder
1/2 tsp baking soda
1/2 tsp salt
1/2 C pecans, chopped

1. Preheat oven to 350 °F. Lightly oil two, 9- by 5-inch loaf pans.
2. Stir together mashed bananas and buttermilk. Set aside.
4. Sift together flour, baking powder, baking soda, and salt. Add all at once to liquid ingredients. Stir until well blended.
5. Stir in nuts, and turn into prepared pans.
6. Bake for 50–55 minutes or until toothpick inserted in center comes out clean. Cool for 5 minutes in pans.
7. Remove from pans and complete cooling on a wire rack before slicing.

Yield: 2 loaves
Serving size: 1/2-inch slice
Each serving provides:
Calories: 133
Total fat: 5 g
Saturated fat: 1 g
Cholesterol: 12 mg
Sodium: 138 mg
Total fiber: 1 g
Protein: 2 g
Carbohydrates: 20 g
Potassium: 114 mg
Carrot-Raisin Bread

1 1/2 C all-purpose flour, sifted
1/2 C sugar
1 tsp baking powder
1/4 tsp baking soda
1/2 tsp salt
1 1/2 tsp ground cinnamon
1/4 tsp ground allspice
1 egg, beaten
1/2 C water
2 Tbsp vegetable oil
1/2 tsp vanilla
1 1/2 C carrots, finely shredded
1/4 C pecans, chopped
1/4 C golden raisins

1. Preheat oven to 350 °F. Lightly oil two, 9- by 5-inch loaf pans.

2. Stir together dry ingredients in large mixing bowl. Make well in center of dry mixture.

3. In separate bowl, mix together remaining ingredients. Add mixture all at once to dry ingredients. Stir just enough to moisten and evenly distribute carrots.

4. Turn into prepared pan. Bake for 50 minutes or until toothpick inserted in center comes out clean.

5. Cool for 5 minutes in pan. Remove from pan and complete cooling on wire rack before slicing.

Yield: 2 loaves
Serving size: 1/2-inch slice
Each serving provides:
Calories: 99
Total fat: 3 g
Saturated fat: less than 1 g
Cholesterol: 12 mg
Sodium: 97 mg
Total fiber: 1 g
Protein: 2 g
Carbohydrates: 17 g
Potassium: 69 mg
Good-for-You Cornbread

1 C cornmeal
1 C flour
1/4 C white sugar
1 tsp baking powder
1 C 1% fat buttermilk
1 egg, whole
1/4 C tub margarine
1 tsp vegetable oil (to grease baking pan)

1. Preheat oven to 350 °F.
2. Mix together cornmeal, flour, sugar, and baking powder.
3. In another bowl, combine buttermilk and egg. Beat lightly.
4. Slowly add buttermilk and egg mixture to dry ingredients.
5. Add margarine, and mix by hand or with mixer for 1 minute.

Yield: 10 servings
Serving size: 1 square
Each serving provides:
Calories: 178
Total fat: 6 g
Saturated fat: 1 g
Cholesterol: 22 mg
Sodium: 94 mg
Total fiber: 1 g
Protein: 4 g
Carbohydrates: 27 g
Potassium: 132 mg

This is not only good for you but also good in you—making it a healthy comfort food.
Homestyle Biscuits

2 C flour
2 tsp baking powder
1/4 tsp baking soda
1/4 tsp salt
2 Tbsp sugar
2/3 C 1% fat buttermilk
3 1/3 Tbsp vegetable oil

1. Preheat oven to 450 °F.
2. In medium bowl, combine flour, baking powder, baking soda, salt, and sugar.
3. In small bowl, stir together buttermilk and all of the oil. Pour over flour mixture and stir until well mixed.
4. On lightly floured surface, knead dough gently for 10–12 strokes. Roll or pat dough to 3/4-inch thickness. Cut with 2-inch biscuit or cookie cutter, dipping cutter in flour between cuts. Transfer biscuits to an ungreased baking sheet.
5. Bake for 12 minutes or until golden brown. Serve warm.

Yield: 15 servings
Serving Size: 1, 2-inch biscuit
Each serving provides:
Calories: 99
Total fat: 3 g
Saturated fat: less than 1 g
Cholesterol: less than 1 mg
Sodium: 72 mg
Total fiber: 1 g
Protein: 2 g
Carbohydrates: 15 g
Potassium: 102 mg
DESSERTS
Apple Coffee Cake

5 C tart apples, cored, peeled, chopped
1 C sugar
1 C dark raisins
1/2 C pecans, chopped
1/4 C vegetable oil
2 tsp vanilla
1 egg, beaten
2 C all-purpose flour, sifted
1 tsp baking soda
2 tsp ground cinnamon

1. Preheat oven to 350 °F.
2. Lightly oil 13- by 9- by 2-inch pan.
3. In large mixing bowl, combine apples with sugar, raisins, and pecans. Mix well and let stand for 30 minutes.
4. Stir in oil, vanilla, and egg. Sift together flour, soda, and cinnamon, and stir into apple mixture about a third at a time—just enough to moisten dry ingredients.
5. Turn batter into pan. Bake for 35–40 minutes. Cool cake slightly before serving.

Yield: 20 servings
Serving size: 1, 3 1/2-inch by 2 1/2-inch piece
Each serving provides:
Calories: 196
Total fat: 8 g
Saturated fat: 1 g
Cholesterol: 11 mg
Sodium: 67 mg
Total fiber: 2 g
Protein: 3 g
Carbohydrates: 31 g
Potassium: 136 mg
Frosted Cake

FOR CAKE

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<thead>
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<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>cake flour</td>
<td>2 1/4 C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>baking powder</td>
<td>2 1/4 tsp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>margarine</td>
<td>4 Tbsp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sugar</td>
<td>1 1/4 C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>eggs</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>vanilla</td>
<td>1 tsp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>orange peel</td>
<td>1 Tbsp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>skim milk</td>
<td>3/4 C</td>
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FOR ICING

<table>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>skim milk</td>
<td>2 Tbsp</td>
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<tr>
<td>cocoa</td>
<td>6 Tbsp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>confectioners’ sugar, sifted</td>
<td>2 C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>vanilla extract</td>
<td>1/2 tsp</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To prepare cake:

1. Preheat oven to 325 °F.
2. Grease 10-inch round pan (at least 2 1/2 inches high) with small amount of cooking oil or use nonstick cooking oil spray. Powder pan with flour. Tap out excess flour.
3. Sift together flour and baking powder.
4. In separate bowl, beat together margarine and sugar until soft and creamy.
5. Beat in eggs, vanilla, and orange peel.
6. Gradually add flour mixture, alternating with milk, beginning and ending with flour.

Yield: 16 servings
Serving size: 1 slice
Each serving provides:
- Calories: 241
- Total fat: 5 g
- Saturated fat: 2 g
- Cholesterol: 57 mg
- Sodium: 273 mg
- Total fiber: 1 g
- Protein: 4 g
- Carbohydrates: 45 g
- Potassium: 95 mg

continued on next page
**Frosted Cake** (continued)

7. Pour mixture into pan. Bake for 40–45 minutes or until done. Let cake cool for 5–10 minutes before removing from pan. Let cool completely before icing.

To prepare icing:

2. Slowly add sugar until icing is smooth. Mix in vanilla.
3. Smooth icing over top and sides of cooled cake.
Rainbow Fruit Salad

FOR FRUIT SALAD
1 large mango, peeled, diced
2 C fresh blueberries
2 bananas, sliced
2 C fresh strawberries, halved
2 C seedless grapes
2 nectarines, unpeeled, sliced
1 kiwi fruit, peeled, sliced

FOR HONEY–ORANGE SAUCE
1/3 C unsweetened orange juice
2 Tbsp lemon juice
1 1/2 Tbsp honey
1/4 tsp ground ginger
dash nutmeg

1. Prepare the fruit.
2. Combine all ingredients for sauce and mix.
3. Just before serving, pour honey–orange sauce over fruit.

You can’t go wrong with this salad—it’s juicy, fresh, naturally low in fat and sodium, and cholesterol free. Enjoy it as a salad or a dessert.

Yield: 12 servings
Serving Size: 4-oz cup
Each serving provides:
Calories: 96
Total fat: 1 g
Saturated fat: less than 1 g
Cholesterol: 0 mg
Sodium: 4 mg
Total fiber: 3 g
Protein: 1 g
Carbohydrates: 24 g
Potassium: 302 mg
Tropical Fruit Compote

3/4 C water
1/2 C sugar
2 tsp fresh lemon juice
1 piece lemon peel
1/2 tsp rum or vanilla extract (optional)
1 pineapple, cored, peeled, cut into 8 slices
2 mangos, peeled, pitted, cut into 8 pieces
3 bananas, peeled, cut into 8 diagonal pieces
to taste fresh mint leaves (optional)

1. In saucepan, combine 3/4 cup of water with sugar, lemon juice, and lemon peel (and rum or vanilla extract, if desired). Bring to boil, then reduce heat and add fruit. Cook at very low heat for 5 minutes.

2. Pour off syrup into cup.

3. Remove lemon rind from saucepan, and cool cooked fruit for 2 hours.

4. To serve, arrange fruit in serving dish and pour a few teaspoons of

Yield: 8 servings
Serving size: 1 cup
Each serving provides:
Calories: 148
Total fat: less than 1 g
Saturated fat: less than 1 g
Cholesterol: 0 mg
Sodium: 3 mg
Total fiber: 3 g
Protein: 1 g
Carbohydrates: 38 g
Potassium: 310 mg
Banana Mousse

2 Tbsp lowfat milk
4 tsp sugar
1 tsp vanilla
1 medium banana, cut in quarters
1 C plain lowfat yogurt
8 slices (1/4 inch each) banana

1. Place milk, sugar, vanilla, and banana in blender. Process for 15 seconds at high speed until smooth.

2. Pour mixture into small bowl and fold in yogurt. Chill.

3. Spoon into four dessert dishes and garnish each with two banana slices just before serving.

Yield: 4 servings
Serving size: 1/2 cup
Each serving provides:
- Calories: 94
- Total fat: 1 g
- Saturated fat: 1 g
- Cholesterol: 4 mg
- Sodium: 47 mg
- Total fiber: 1 g
- Protein: 1 g
- Carbohydrates: 18 g
- Potassium: 297 mg
Crunchy Pumpkin Pie

FOR CRUST
1 C quick cooking oats
1/4 C whole wheat flour
1/4 C ground almonds
2 Tbsp brown sugar
1/4 tsp salt
3 Tbsp vegetable oil
1 Tbsp water

FOR FILLING
1/4 C brown sugar, packed
1/2 tsp ground cinnamon
1/4 tsp ground nutmeg
1/4 tsp salt
1 egg, beaten
4 tsp vanilla
1 C canned pumpkin
2/3 C evaporated skim milk

With only a small amount of oil in the crust and skim milk in the filling, this delicious pie is a heart healthy treat.

Yield: 9 servings
Serving size: 1/9 of 9-inch pie
Each serving provides:
Calories: 169
Total fat: 7 g
Saturated fat: 1 g
Cholesterol: 24 mg
Sodium: 207 mg
Total fiber: 3 g
Protein: 5 g
Carbohydrates: 22 g
Potassium: 223 mg
1. Preheat oven to 425 °F.

To prepare crust:
2. Mix oats, flour, almonds, sugar, and salt in small mixing bowl.
3. Blend oil and water in measuring cup with fork or small wire whisk until emulsified.
4. Add oil mixture to dry ingredients and mix well. If needed, add small amount of water to hold mixture together.
5. Press into 9-inch pie pan, and bake for 8–10 minutes, or until light brown.
6. Turn down oven to 350 °F.

To prepare filling:
7. Mix sugar, cinnamon, nutmeg, and salt in bowl.
8. Add egg and vanilla, and mix to blend ingredients.
9. Add pumpkin and milk, and stir to combine.

Putting it together:
10. Pour filling into prepared pie shell.
11. Bake for 45 minutes at 350 °F or until knife inserted near center comes out clean.
Mock-Southern Sweet Potato Pie

FOR CRUST
1 1/4 C flour
1/4 tsp sugar
1/3 C skim milk
2 Tbsp vegetable oil

FOR FILLING
1/4 C white sugar
1/4 C brown sugar
1/2 tsp salt
1/4 tsp nutmeg
3 large eggs, beaten
1/4 C canned evaporated skim milk
1 tsp vanilla extract
3 C sweet potatoes, cooked, mashed

There’s nothing fake about the flavor in this heart healthy treat.

Yield: 16 servings
Serving size: 1 slice
Each serving provides:
Calories: 147
Total fat: 3 g
Saturated fat: 1 g
Cholesterol: 40 mg
Sodium: 98 mg
Total fiber: 2 g
Protein: 4 g
Carbohydrates: 27 g
Potassium: 293 mg
1. Preheat oven to 350 °F.

To prepare crust:
2. Combine flour and sugar in bowl.
3. Add milk and oil to flour mixture.
4. Stir with fork until well mixed. Then form pastry into smooth ball with your hands.
5. Roll ball between two, 12-inch squares of waxed paper, using short, brisk strokes, until pastry reaches edge of paper.
6. Peel off top paper and invert crust into 9-inch pie plate.

To prepare filling:
7. Combine sugars, salt, nutmeg, and eggs.
8. Add milk and vanilla. Stir.
9. Add sweet potatoes and mix well.

Putting it together:
10. Pour mixture into pie shell.
11. Bake for 60 minutes or until crust is golden brown. Cool and cut into 16 slices.
Old-Fashioned Bread Pudding With Apple-Raisin Sauce

FOR BREAD PUDDING

10 slices whole wheat bread
3 egg whites
1 1/2 C skim milk
1/4 C white sugar
2 tsp white sugar
1/4 C brown sugar
1 tsp vanilla extract
1/2 tsp cinnamon
1/4 tsp nutmeg
1/4 tsp clove
as needed vegetable oil spray

FOR APPLE-RAISIN SAUCE

1 1/4 C apple juice
1/2 C apple butter
2 Tbsp molasses
1/2 C raisins
1/4 tsp ground cinnamon
1/4 tsp ground nutmeg
1/2 tsp orange zest (optional)

This old fashioned treat has been updated with a healthy spin. The sweet but healthy apple-raisin sauce makes a perfect topping—try it on fruit too.

Yield for bread pudding: 9 servings
Yield for apple-raisin sauce: 2 cups
Serving size: 1/2 cup
Each serving (with apple-raisin sauce) provides:
Calories: 233
Total fat: 3 g
Saturated fat: 1 g
Cholesterol: 24 mg
Sodium: 252 mg
Total fiber: 3 g
Protein: 7 g
Carbohydrates: 46 g
Potassium: 390 mg
To prepare bread pudding:

1. Preheat oven to 350 °F.
2. Spray 8- by 8-inch baking dish with vegetable oil spray. Lay slices of bread in baking dish in two rows, overlapping like shingles.
3. In medium bowl, beat together egg, egg whites, milk, the 1/4 cup of white sugar, brown sugar, and vanilla. Pour egg mixture over bread.
4. In small bowl, stir together cinnamon, nutmeg, clove, and the 2 teaspoons of white sugar.
5. Sprinkle spiced sugar mix over bread pudding. Bake pudding for 30–35 minutes, until it has browned on top and is firm to touch. Serve warm or at room temperature with warm apple-raisin sauce.

To prepare apple-raisin sauce:

1. Stir all ingredients together in medium saucepan.
2. Bring to simmer over low heat. Let simmer for 5 minutes. Serve warm.
1-2-3 Peach Cobbler

- 1/2 tsp ground cinnamon
- 1 Tbsp vanilla extract
- 2 Tbsp cornstarch
- 1 C peach nectar
- 1/4 C pineapple juice or peach juice (if desired, use juice reserved from canned peaches)
- 2 can (16 oz each) peaches, packed in juice, drained, (or 1 3/4 lb fresh) sliced
- 1 Tbsp tub margarine
- 1 C dry pancake mix
- 2/3 C all-purpose flour
- 1/2 C sugar
- 2/3 C evaporated skim milk
- as needed nonstick cooking spray
- 1/2 tsp nutmeg
- 1 Tbsp brown sugar

What could be better than peach cobbler straight from the oven? Try this healthier version of the classic favorite.

Yield: 8 servings
Serving size: 1 piece
Each serving provides:
- Calories: 271
- Total fat: 4 g
- Saturated fat: less than 1 g
- Cholesterol: less than 1 mg
- Sodium: 263 mg
- Total fiber: 2 g
- Protein: 4 g
- Carbohydrates: 54 g
- Potassium: 284 mg
1. Combine cinnamon, vanilla, cornstarch, peach nectar, and pineapple or peach juice in saucepan over medium heat. Stir constantly until mixture thickens and bubbles.

2. Add sliced peaches to mixture.

3. Reduce heat and simmer for 5–10 minutes.

4. In another saucepan, melt margarine and set aside.

5. Lightly spray 8-inch-square glass dish with cooking spray. Pour hot peach mixture into dish.

6. In another bowl, combine pancake mix, flour, sugar, and melted margarine. Stir in milk. Quickly spoon this over peach mixture.

7. Combine nutmeg and brown sugar. Sprinkle on top of batter.

8. Bake at 400 °F for 15–20 minutes or until golden brown.

9. Cool and cut into 8 pieces.
Rice Pudding

6 C water
2 sticks cinnamon
1 C rice
3 C skim milk
2/3 C sugar
1/2 tsp salt

1. Put water and cinnamon sticks into medium saucepan. Bring to boil.

2. Stir in rice. Cook on low heat for 30 minutes until rice is soft and water has evaporated.

3. Add skim milk, sugar, and salt. Cook for another 15 minutes until mixture thickens.

Yield: 5 servings
Serving size: 1/2 cup
Each serving provides:
Calories: 372
Total fat: 1 g
Saturated fat: less than 1 g
Cholesterol: 3 mg
Sodium: 366 mg
Total fiber: 1 g
Protein: 10 g
Carbohydrates: 81 g
Potassium: 363 mg
Winter Crisp

FOR FILLING
1/2 C sugar
3 Tbsp all-purpose flour
1 tsp lemon peel, grated
3/4 tsp lemon juice
5 C apples, unpeeled, sliced
1 C cranberries

FOR TOPPING
2/3 C rolled oats
1/3 C brown sugar, packed
1/4 C whole wheat flour
2 tsp ground cinnamon
1 Tbsp soft margarine, melted

1. Prepare filling by combining sugar, flour, and lemon peel in medium bowl. Mix well. Add lemon juice, apples, and cranberries. Stir to mix. Spoon into 6-cup baking dish.

2. Prepare topping by combining oats, brown sugar, flour, and cinnamon in small bowl. Add melted margarine. Stir to mix.

3. Sprinkle topping over filling. Bake in 375 °F oven for approximately 40–50 minutes or until filling is bubbly and top is brown. Serve warm or at room temperature.

Variation—Summer Crisp

Prepare as directed above, but substitute 4 cups fresh or unsweetened frozen peaches and 3 cups fresh or unsweetened frozen blueberries for apples and cranberries. If using frozen fruit, thaw peaches completely (use without draining), but do not thaw blueberries before adding to mixture.

Yield: 6 servings
Serving size: 1, 3/4-inch by 2-inch piece
Each serving provides (for Winter Crisp):
Calories: 252
Total fat: 2 g
Saturated fat: less than 1 g
Cholesterol: 0 mg
Sodium: 29 mg
Total fiber: 5 g
Protein: 3 g
Carbohydrates: 58 g
Potassium: 221 mg
Chili and Spice Seasoning

1/4 C paprika
2 Tbsp dried oregano, crushed
2 tsp chili powder
1 tsp garlic powder
1 tsp black pepper
1/2 tsp red (cayenne) pepper
1/2 tsp dry mustard

Mix together all ingredients. Store in airtight container.

This spicy seasoning will heat up your catfish stew—and other dishes too.

Yield: 1/3 cup
Serving size: 1 tablespoon
Each serving provides:
Calories: 26
Total fat: 1 g
Saturated fat: 0 g
Cholesterol: 0 mg
Sodium: 13 mg
Total fiber: 2 g
Protein: 1 g
Carbohydrates: 5 g
Potassium: 180 mg
Fresh Salsa

6 tomatoes, preferably Roma
(or 3 large tomatoes)
1/2 medium onion, finely chopped
1 clove garlic, finely minced
2 jalapeño peppers, finely chopped
3 Tbsp cilantro, chopped
to taste fresh lime juice
1/8 tsp oregano, finely crushed
1/8 tsp salt
1/8 tsp pepper
1/2 avocado, diced (black skin)

1. Combine all ingredients in glass bowl.

2. Serve immediately or refrigerate and serve within 4–5 hours.

Yield: 8 servings
Serving size: 1/2 cup
Each serving provides:
Calories: 42
Total fat: 2 g
Saturated fat: less than 1 g
Cholesterol: 0 mg
Sodium: 44 mg
Total fiber: 2 g
Protein: 1 g
Carbohydrates: 7 g
Potassium: 337 mg

Fresh herbs add plenty of flavor to this salsa—so you use less salt.
Hot ‘N Spicy Seasoning

Mix all ingredients together. Store in an airtight container.

Yield: 1/3 cup
Serving Size: 1/2 teaspoon
Each serving provides:
Calories: 1
Total fat: 1 g
Saturated fat: 0 g
Cholesterol: 0 mg
Sodium: 0 mg
Total fiber: 0 g
Protein: 0 g
Carbohydrates: less than 1 g
Potassium: 4 mg

Spices can make the ordinary extraordinary. Here’s a great all-purpose spice mix.

SERVING TIP
Try this mix with meat, poultry, fish, or vegetable dishes. Use it instead of salt—even in the salt shaker.
Vinaigrette Salad Dressing

1 bulb garlic, separated into cloves, peeled
1/2 C water
1 Tbsp red wine vinegar
1/4 tsp honey
1 Tbsp virgin olive oil
1/2 tsp black pepper

1. Place garlic cloves into small saucepan and pour in enough water (about 1/2 cup) to cover them.
2. Bring water to boil, then reduce heat and simmer until garlic is tender (about 15 minutes).
3. Reduce liquid to 2 tablespoons and increase heat for 3 minutes.
4. Pour contents into small sieve over bowl. With wooden spoon, mash garlic through sieve.
5. Whisk vinegar into garlic mixture, then mix in oil and seasoning.

Try this recipe to dress up a salad for a special meal.

Yield: 4 servings
Serving size: 2 tablespoons
Each serving provides:
Calories: 33
Total fat: 3 g
Saturated fat: 1 g
Cholesterol: 0 mg
Sodium: 0 mg
Total fiber: 0 g
Protein: 0 g
Carbohydrates: 1 g
Potassium: 9 mg
Toppings and Salad Dressings

Yogurt Salad Dressing

8 oz fat free plain yogurt
1/4 C fat free mayonnaise
2 Tbsp chives, dried
2 Tbsp dill, dried
2 Tbsp lemon juice

Mix all ingredients in bowl and refrigerate.

So easy—so healthy—so good.
Try it!

Yield: 8 servings
Serving size:
2 tablespoons
Each serving provides:
Calories: 23
Total fat: 0 g
Saturated fat: 0 g
Cholesterol: 1 mg
Total fiber: 0 g
Sodium: 84 mg
Protein: 2 g
Carbohydrates: 4 g
Potassium: 104 mg
BEVERAGES
Mango Shake

2 C lowfat milk
4 Tbsp frozen mango juice (or 1 fresh mango, pitted)
1 small banana
2 ice cubes

Put all ingredients into blender. Blend until foamy. Serve immediately.

Variations

Instead of mango juice, try orange, papaya, or strawberry juice.

Yield: 4 servings
Serving size: 3/4 cup
Each serving provides (with mango and banana):
Calories: 106
Total fat: 2 g
Saturated fat: 1 g
Cholesterol: 5 mg
Sodium: 63 mg
Total fiber: 2 g
Protein: 5 g
Carbohydrates: 20 g
Potassium: 361 mg
Summer Breezes
Smoothie

Here’s a perfect lowfat thirst quencher.

Yield: 3 servings
Serving size: 1 cup
Each serving provides:
Calories: 121
Total fat: less than 1 g
Saturated fat: less than 1 g
Cholesterol: 1 mg
Sodium: 64 mg
Total fiber: 2 g
Protein: 6 g
Carbohydrates: 24 g
Potassium: 483 mg

1 C  fat free, plain yogurt
6    medium strawberries
1 C  pineapple, crushed, canned in juice
1    medium banana
1 tsp vanilla extract
4    ice cubes

1. Place all ingredients in blender and puree until smooth.
2. Serve in frosted glass.
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